

TAIF, Jan. 30 (Agencies) - The biggestin the law of the organization (OIC) of

to a set of the values and traditions and set out the values and traditions and the world's A farth and the values and traditions and the world'a - House stimated 800 million Muslims, in both indi-tion of side and collective action.

the Marine Saud al Faisal, there were two basic , aduation (See offiini text on page Four) and a final communiand the second

Both, incorporating many points from an political resolutions on Jerusalem, Palestine and the Middle East, stated the organizaions' determination to recover Israclioccupied territory, using natural and conomic resources and developing military cooperatioo to break Israel's hold over it.

The eight sovereigns, 20 presidents and teo other delegates (among them Palestine Liberation Organizatioo leader Yasser Arafat) also agreed to declare a Jihad (holy struggle) to secure victory for the Palestinian people and liberate Jerusalem to become the capital of a Palestinian state,

The other main political questioo at the conference was also one of occupied Islamie territory - Afghanistan.

Additional political resolutioos covered several African problems including the - drought-striken Sahel regioo of west Africa, the French-administered island of Mayott in the Comoro Republic, Eritrea and the Horn of Africa.

The conference also made special meotion of Muslim minorities singling out the Muslim community of the Philippines which was represented by the Moro National Liberation

The conference opened on Sunday in Mecca. In his speech last Monday King Khaled proposed a \$3000 million fund for the development of poorer Islamic countries and aonounced that the Kingdom will pay the first \$1000 million. Kuwait, the U.A.E. and Qatar pledged a total of \$1300 million. Two third of the fund will be disbursed as long-term and casy loans while the remaining third will be used for direct investments in those couotries.

Also the summit set up a goodwill mission of eight leaders to try to end the Iran-Iraq war, the official Iraqi News Agency reported. The goodwill commissioo is made up of the president of Turkey, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Gamhia, Senegal Guioea and Palestine Lib-era000 Organization Chairman Yasser Arafat plus Habih Chatti, secretary general of the OIC.

The agency said the resolution was taken at the closing session of the summit. Chatti carlier told the Associated Press the committee will stay behind after the summit coocludes its meeting to map out its strategy.

He said Iraq, whose President Saddam Hussein attended the summit, has pledged to cooperate with the Islamic committee. Iran which boycotted the summit in protest against Hussein's presence, did not refuse to meet with the Islamic mediation team, Chatti added.

Crown Prince Fahd, deputizing for King Khaled in chairing the summit's closing sessioo, expressed "deep regret" over Iran's boycott and asserted "we will pursue our efforts to find a solution and an end to this conflict."

The Iraqi agency did oot elaborate on the decision to form an Islamic peacekeeping force but emphasized Iraq's willingness to

To succeed Suarez

nominates Sotelo

cooperate with Islamic mediators and Presi dent Hussein's offer to withdraw his forces from Irao's war-cooquered oil heartland within a just and hooorable solutioo ... based oo the respect of Iraq'a territorial and offshore rights."

Iran's Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini ignored Hussein's offer on Wednesday and ordered the armed forces to continue the war, nowin its 132nd day, until" total victory" was achieved."

The Mecca document, oamed after the cradic of Islam stated: "we are equally determined to engage io Jihad with all means at our disposal, to liberate our occupied territories, to support one another in defending our independence and territorial integrity."

The declaration, which charts the course of comhioed action for the Islamic countries, reaffirmed the summit's "resolve to comhat Zionist usurpation by force of arms of Palestinian lands and other Arah territories." It pledged to "frustrate all Zionist designs and actions

Prince Saud asked if the oil weapon would be used to put pressure on Israel, said "oil is one potentiality for facing that enemy."

But he rejected the phrase "oil weapons" and other Saudi Arahian officials have said they have no desire to use petroleum as a political tool.

In the meanome six Gulf heads of state took time off from Islamic summit conference Wednesday to bold a summit on collective security in the regioo.

Attending the closed door meeting were Prince FahdSultan Qaboos of Oman, Sheikh Khalifa bin Hamad of Qater, Sbeikh Isa bin Salman of Bahrain, Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan of the United Arab Emirates, and Sheikh Jabr al-Ahmed al-Sabah of Kuwait.

(Continued on back page)

Sultan stresses strong relations with W.Germany TALF, Jan. 30 (SPA) -- Deten ter Prince Sultan Abdul Aziz said that the friendly des between the Kingdom and the Federal Republic of Germany were more important than an arms deal which "we consider to be a purely commercial matter."

S.-Soviet rift widens WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (Agencies) -First the U.S. Secretary of State Alexander

Haig accused the Soviets of fostering terrorism. Then the U.S. president denounced them as liars and cheats. Now, another hlow: They've taken away the Soviet ambassador's special parking privileges. The moves are oot monumental, but they do add a sharper, edge to U.S.-Soviet relations.

They might cut deeper if President Ronald Reagan carries out his hint of Thursday: 10 broaden, not lift, the partial Soviet grain embargo imposed by Jimmy Carter a year ago to punish the Soviets for their intervenoon in Afghanistan.

For oow, though, the most visible evidence is Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin's experience of Thursday

His limousine headed for the basement parking area he always uses at the U.S. State Department, but security officers told the chauffeur to park oo the street.

So Dobrynin was left to use the normal diplomade entrance: oo longer afforded the privilege started during the Ford administratioo of coming and going through the basement withoot being seen.

State Department officials said the Soviet embassy had been informed in advance that Dobrynin would lose his special access, which apparently was accorded to oo other foreign diplomat.

Ooc reasoo, they said, apparently was because the American ambassador to Moscow has oo similar privilege wheo he calls on the Soviet Foreign Ministry. Dobrynin said the whole matter was "oo problem."

The Soviet ambassador had gone to the State Department for an appointment he had requested with Secretary of State Alexander Haig, presumably to discuss Haig's barsh remarks a day earlier that Soviet policies "foster, support and expand" international terrorism

Haig's hard line was echoed Thursday by Reagan at his first news conference since taking office. Hc said the Soviets believe they have the

"right to commit any crime, to lie, to cheat" to achieve their goal -"a one-world socialist

or communist state."



NO SHIPMENT TO IRAN: U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig, at his first press conference, in Washington categorically ruled out any sale or shipment of arms to Iran and said the new administration will shift its foreign policy emphasis to fighting international terrorism.

Israeli post rocketed **Border fighting rages**

TEL AVIV, Jan. 30 (R) - Palestinian rockets scored direct hits Friday on the Israeli border settlement of Kiryat Shemona for the second day running as fighting raged along the length of Israel's border with Lebanoo, a military spokesman said. Israeli artillery pounded positions in the Nabatiyeh and Arnoun beights areas. A United Nations spokesman in Nakura, South Lebanon, said Israeli planes flew over Palestinian positioos drawing ground fire.

Israelis living in border settlements took refuge in bomb shelters for a second day as

King in Riyadh

RIYADH, Jan. 30 (SPA) --- King Khaled arrived here from Taif after presiding over the third Islamic summit conference. He was accompanied by Prince Abdullah, second deputy premier and commander of the National Guard; Defense Minister Prince Sultan; Interior Minister Prince Naif and other officials. He was seen off at Taif by Crown Prince Fahd; Mecca Governor Prince Majed and others.

RIYADH, Jan. 30 (R) - Dutch Foreign Minister Christoph Van Der Klaauw arrived

here Friday night for an official visit to Saudi

Arabia as a prelude to possible fresh Euro-

pean moves for a Middle East peace settle-

ment. After his talks in Riyadh with the Saodi

foreign minister, Prince Saud Al-Faisal, Dr.

Van Der Klaauw will fly Sunday to Algiers

French driver Ragnotti and Jean Mare

Andrie won the 49th Monte Carlo Rally

Friday, bringing their Renault 5 Turbo two

minutes and 45 seconds ahead of another

French team, Guy Frequelin and Jean

LONDON, Jan. 30 (AP) - The dollar

surged ahead against all the world's leading

currencies Friday at the end of a week of

sharp gains. Gold prices recovered slightly

from the week's losses, after a rally in New

York Thursday on fresh fears of unrest in

London's five hullion houses fixed the

Io Zurich, the metal traded at a median

Earlier in Hong Kong, gold closed at 506.69 down 4.67. The metal finished at

Silver was quoted in Lonodn at \$13.35 an

Earlier in Tokyo, the dollar closed at

205,20 yep from 203.80 Thursday and

201,50 last Friday. In later European trading,

The dollar continoed its run of fresh peaks

against the Italian lira, jumping to 998.50

lire, the historie 1,000-lire mark was in close

downturn in German economic fortunes -

described both inside and outside Germany

as the end of post-war German economic

miracle -- was sinking. The dollar has gained

9 pfennigs this week and was at its highest

level against the mark since the end of

The West German mark, undermined by a

morning gold price at \$507.50 a troy ounce,

Poland and technical reaction.

up from 490,00 late Thursday.

ounce, up from .88.

range

\$506.50 an ounce, up from 497.50.

\$513.00 in New York late Thursday.

the dollar was quoted at 205.58 yen.

Todt in a Talbot. (See story page 13).

Ragnotti wins rally

shells and rockets were also fired at western Galilee and the ceotral sector of the border. The U.N. spokesman also said that U.N. troops came under fire. A group of observers was shot at near Tyre by elements belonging to the Popular Front for the Liberatioo of Palestine (PFLP) and an observadoo post manned by Norwegians at Balat was shelled, No casualties were reported.

A. PLO communique made no mention of casualties in Friday's bomhardment that came a day after Israeli warplanc raids, killing four Palestinians and 10 Lebanese and wounding 30, by PLO and official Lebanese government counts.

The independent Lebanese newspaper An Nahar reported that at least 15 persons had been killed aod 30 wounded in Thursday's air raids, which demolished or damaged 60 house

Local residents said Israeli planes drew aircraft batteries wheo they flew low over southern Lehanoo Friday. The clashes touched off fears amoog Lebanese official of a massive Israeh retaliation.

uling Center Party chose engineer Leopoldo Talvo Sotelo Friday to succeed Premier Idolfo Surez, but there were reports the new iominee might not accept.

MADRID, Jan, 30 (Agencies) - Spain's

Sotelo was nominated by the Unioo of the Democratic Center (UCD) party, despite, ubstantial opposition from some UCD numbers to the rapid selection, 12 hours ifter Suarez resigned unexpectedly, throwing be country into political confusion.

Newspapers said Suarez had not fully ---- xplained his reasons for quitting and sugested he was under pressure outside the JCD to resign. One oewspaper called - uarez, explanation on oational television hat he quit because party frictioo was hurting hc country" an insult to the Spanish people." The UCD picked Calvo Sotelop, 54, a SCOIClose collaborator of Suarez, after party disidents walked out of an all-night meeting rotesting members should have had more ime to consider a successor to the premier. Party officials told reporters Calvo Sotelo might turn down the job unless the dissidents rom the conservative sector of the coalition If the Social Democrats, Christian Democats, Liberals and independents toned down heir opposition.

King Juan Carlos began consultations with political leaders later Friday to discuss the ituation before proposing a new prime initister to parliament.

The consultations, covering the Socialist; Communist and Conservative parties, folowed UCD nominating Deputy Premier Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo to replace Suarez. But Calvo Sotelo was by no means assured pf antomatic parliamentary backing, eveo if lisked to form a government, as the UCD has only 165 of 349 seats and has governed with the help of small centerist regional parties. In nominating him after a meeting that asted most of the night, the UCD was clearly rying to avoid a split between its Social Democratic and Christian Democratic wings which have often been at violent odds in recent weeks. Outgoing Premier Suarez, who in five

ears adroitly managed Spain's transition from the authoritarian Franco Regime to Kill birdemocracy, was being increasingly criticized for heavy unemployment and regional autonomy projects. A number of senior officers had voiced concern that by granting regional autnomy to the Basque, Catalonian and Gali-cian regions, Suarez bad endangered national

Senior officers were also disturbed because the number of terrorist killing had risen since Suarez took office in 1976.

The UCD was also designating one of its 'members for the consultations with the king, but like the smaller parties in parliament did not immediately name its representative. Under the constitution, the king's choice as premier-designate will have to win parliamentary approval after presenting his s program, and if be does not do so the king will have to call legislative elections. The much criticized and divided ruling UCD is at pres-ent expected to fare badly in any poll in the car future.

Present Deputy Premier for Economic Affairs Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo was only proposed as the UCD's successor to Suarez early Friday after a party session in which he faced opposition from Defense Minister Agustin Rodriguez Sahagun.

(Continued on back page)



(Whre photo)

RESIGNATION; Adolfo Suarez, Spanish prime minister went on television late Thursday night to announce to the nation his resignation. Snarez, who beld his post since July 1976, presented his resignation to Spanish head of state Juan Carlos Wednesday and it was accepted.

Commenting on what be described as the "fabricated uproar" being made in Germany about the deal. he said the Saudi Arabian government did not make "any specific" request for arms, but when that happens it will be based on the strong relations between the two countries.

Prince Sultan said the Saudi Arabian government can ensure its arms supplies from various sources. "We know who is behind this uproar, which does oot serve the interests of either couotry and we are confident that the responsible authorities there do realize this matter," be said.

Any decisions that the German and Saudi Arahian government might take will be based on their conception of mutual interests and also on the basis of the Kingdom's own security policy which calls for defending itself and its interests, the same way Germany is doing.

Eight shot **Cubans in Afghan province**

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 30 (AP) - Reports persist, despite denials from Havana, that a contingent of armed, uniformed Cubans is in Afghanistan. A reliable Western diplomatic source in Kahul this week quoted a resident of Kandahar, a southwestern city which is the capital of a province of the same name, as saying that some 60 Cuhan troops have been seen there (See related story on back page).

On Jan. 18, eight of the Cubans were shot in the main Kandahar bazaar by unidentified persons believed to be Afghan freedom fighters and later died from their wounds, the resident reported. There was no independent confirmation of the incident. However, the Kandahar resident was described by a diplomatic report reaching Pakistan as reliable and in a position to know.

What was not made clear was whether the Cubans are military personnel in Afghanistan in an advisory capacity or a technical team on ao aid mission and armed for their own protection. The Cuban regime of President Fidel Castro, which earlier attempted to play a mediatory role between Afghanistan and Pakistan, has repeatedly denied it has sent troops to help crush the Afghan freedom fighters.

Meanwhile, Afghan families streaming into Kabul to escape renewed fighting bave confirmed heavy clashes and the levcing of bouses north of the Afghan capital, Western diplomatic source said Friday. The families reported freedom fighters fought Afghan and Soviet forces during the past week in several Parwan province villages, between the towns of Jabalseraj aod Rikar, 64 kilometers north of Kabul, the informants said.

Houses were destroyed in the area and three small villages around the nearby Soviet-controlled airbase at Bagram were reliably reported to have been bombarded, said the diplomatic source who decline to be identified. The various accouots from Afghans fleeing the area indicated there was a conceptration of resistance fighters in the Ghorband valley, which stretches from Charikar, a town on the important highway linking Kabul and the Soviet border, to the remote provincial capital of Bamian in ceotral Afghanistan.

Resistance activity along the eastern provinces bordering Pakistan and oorthern ones such as Samangan, which is opposite the Soviet Union, was described by the Kabul report as unflagging.

They said that diplomade circles in the Afghan capital now intrepret official Afghan reports of rebel groups wiped out as a "sure sign of trouble" in the areas mentioned. Recently, the state-run Radio Afghanistan reported successes against "couoterrevolutiooaries," io Herat, Samangan, Nangarhar, Ghazni, Balkh and Helmanj provinces.

Ucofficial reports of fighting and lawlessness continue to reach Kabul from Kandahar, Afghanistan's second largest city and once an important trade center. The sources said sporadic shooting was heard nearly every night and there have been armed attacks on government buildings, including two colleges.

The Marxist regime of President Babrak Karmal has made new efforts to counter the insurgency by building the ranks of the army and the police, both seriously depleted by desertions and refusal by many draft-age youths to be called up.

Reflecting the regime's problems, the state radio recently invited high school students as young as 16 to join the police and an army unit sent to Laghman province, east of Kabul, was ambushed while on a mission to locate draft envaders, the sources added.

"I think when you do business with them, even in detente, you keep that in mind," he added. "So far, deteote has been a one-way street that the Soviet Unioo has used to pur-

sue its own aims." Earlier Thursday, State Department spokesman William Dyess said Haig's charge about Sovict support of international terrorism was based oo five Soviet policies:

- Financial support, training and arms for the Palestine Libersoon Organization . - Use of Cuba and Libya as "conduits for

assistance of all kinds" to terrorist groups, - Propaganda and material support for "oadonal liberadoo movements," some of which engage in terrorism.

-Propaganda hroadcasts to Iran that tried to justify the taking of American hostages. - General advocacy of violence as the soludoo to regional problems from El Salvador

to Namibia. Meanwhile, the Kremlin is working out its reply to Reagan's verbal onslaught on the Soviet Union, observers said in Moscow Friday after the Soviet media refrained from any comment.

· Radio Moscow said Reagan had delivered his first press conference, devoted mainly" to his country's economic problems". The report made no mention of the new president's charge that detente was a "one-way street' and that Moscow was prepared to lie and cheat in order to gain world dominance.

But observers ooted that this delay was usual when the Kremlin saw an incident as serious. Some expected the state oews agency Tass to issue a statement later Friday.

In another development, the foreign ministry summooed acting Charge d'Affaires Jack Matlock to hand him an official protest over a State Department declaration attacking Soviet news coverage of the recent hostage issue. The Soviet press gave this incident prominent coverage Friday presumably to illustrate that the Soviet Union would not tolerate such attacks and was not impressed by the tone of the Ragan administration.

The Kremlin was hoping for a hreathing space when Jimmy Carter left the White House. Bot observers now believe that hopes of a truce are fading rapidly both in Moscow and Washingtoo.

Io Bonn, West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt Friday gave a general welcome to the Reagan administration's first foreign policy statements, but hinted be was wary of the tough new U.S. line toward the Soviet Union.

Speaking in the Bundestag (lower house), Schmidt focused attention on Haig's assurances that Reagan wanted close consultation with allied countries.

"This is very important," he said, "It means the government in Washington is opening itself to the influence of its European allies, including influence by us." Schmidt said Bonn was ready to start consultations without delay at all levels and ooted that Foreign Minister Hans-Detrich Genscher is due to visit Washington in March.

But while condemning the Soviet missile build-up in Europe and intervention in Afghanistan, he made clear that Bonn would use its contacts with the U.S. to argue the case for preserving East-West detente.

Dutch foreign minister arrives

for a three-day visit.

The Dutch minister who is the president of the 10-oadoo council of ministers of the European Ecocomie Community, was entrusted last week with a fact-finding mission to the regioo. But he will not put forward any concrete proposals during his planned visits to about a dozen countries in the coming few months.

Dutch officials said the visits to Saudi Arahia and Algeria were in his capacity as Dutch foreign minister since they had been organized oo a bilateral basis before be received his mandate. But they added it was inevitable that the subject of a European initiative will be prominent and then the minister will speak as EEC president.

gold recovers Dollar gains;

December 1977.

High interest rates on dollar deposits was the major factor boosting the dollar and incoming U.S. Treasury Secretary Donald Regan said Thursday that rates would remain high for some time. Gold prices, which sank below \$500 to a moe-month low Thursday, were steadier Friday, dealers said.

In a hearish climate, some analysts spoke of a plunge to \$400 or helow. Gold has dropped from an all-time peak of \$850 in Europe and \$875 in New York a year ago.

"The gamblers in gold futures are playing on other tables, private investors are selling and jewellers are waiting for better sales before hringing," summed up the London Daily Mail's financial correspondent. The weekly ecocomist magazine commented: "Unless there is another war scare, the key to a recovery in the price of gold may lie with jewellers and industrial buyers. In the past six months there has been almost no huying fabricators. During the recession they are in no hurry to restore."

Meanwhile, uoconfirmed report spread here today of an imminent party revamp within the Europeao Mooetary System (EMS). The rumors, which heightened tension within the system, were that the mark would be down-rated and perhaps also the Belgian franc and lira.



<u>At summit's end</u> King affirms solidarity

TAIF, Jan. 30 (SPA) — King Khaled said the third Islamic summit conference had laid down the basic steps which would taken at this important juncture of Islamic history and hoped the results will cootinue to illuminate the way ahead in the fulfilment of just Islamic goals.

Addressing the final session of the conference, King Khaled, whose speech was read by Crown Prince Fahd, said the principal result of the conference is the agreement that Islamie solidarity is the most ideal framework for the endeavor, the solution of our problems, achieving our goals and establishing our place in the international community.

"The Islamic nation has reaffirmed that liberation of Palestine from Zionist control, the restoration of the fixed rights of the Palestinian people, their return to their bomeland, their right to self-determination and the creation of their independent state in Palestine under the leadership of the Palestine Liberation Organization, the only legitimate representative of the Palestine people, the liberation of the other occupied Arab lands, are all an Islamic responsibility which the Mus-



lims must unite to realize," he said.

The King also urged the Islamic world to strive for the liberation of Afghanistansfrom Soviet domination and to help the Afghan people regain their independence and sovereignty in full.

He regretted the continuation of the Iraqi Iranian war which he described as a bleeding wound in the heart of the nation. He said he was boping that the conference will come out with a solution of the problem, but the absence of Iran aborted the attempt. "In any case," he said, "the organization will pursue its efforts to solve the problem on the basis of Islamic arbitratioo and the boly Koran, respect of agreements and norms and the peaceful settlement of disputes."

He appealed to the Iranians to accept such goodwill initiatives to save the Muslims from further bloodshed and to preserve their resources and potentialities which can best be channeled into the development and progress of their countries.

King Khaled said the holding of the conference in Mecca and near the Kaaba gave it added significance and called on the Muslims to adhere to the tenets of their religion and benefit from its great power for their own welfare and that of the world at large.

Islam has dignified man and ensured the full human rights, he said, and he hoped that the next Islamic foreign minsters' conference will deal with the issue and produce the declaration of Islamic human rights that had been proposed for the summit." I bope this document will define the rights and duties of every Muslim individual," he said.

He was grateful he said, for the success in drawing up a plan for economic cooperation among the Islamic states which will stimulate development in a well-integrated manner for the benefit of the people." We shall mobilize material, buman and other resources to eosure the success of the program, within a framework of a stable international order that is just and balanced," he said.

and news Local



SIGNING: 1DB President Dr. Muhammad Ali (second from left) signs an agreement wit Upper Volta for that country's gold mine project.

<u>For World Cup</u> Local volleyball team chosen RIYADH, Jan. 30 (SPA) – The final organizing this year's national volleyball

RIADH, Jan. 30 (SFA) — Ine final selection of the Saudi Arabian national volleyball team that will participate in the Volleyball World Cup, to be held in Hong Kong March 10 to 24, was approved by the Executive Burean of the Saudi Arabian Volleyball Union.

Io a meeting Wednesday night, the bureau agreed to take part in the Asian Volleyball Federation's Board meetings, also in Hong Kong, March 25 and 26. The bureau also decided to attend a meeting of secretaries of Arabvolleyball unions. The two-day meeting will opeo in Bahrain on Wednesday.

The bureau approved a recommendation of the Informatioo Committee of the Kingdom's volleyball union to publish a documentary book on volleyball in the Kingdom, since its beginning. The bureau also decided to provide training films oo volleyball, in addition to preparing a pictorial archive on the union's activities.

The bureau adopted a oew method for

COMMENT

By Abdel Ghani Qisti Al Bilad

When the beginnings are supported by the elements of a firm faith and belief, the end is invariably associated with success. The third Islamic conference would not have achieved an ontstanding success in the absence of Islamic unanimity at the top level. The leaders were determined to produce positive results to define a new course for the future of the Islamic world and its new generations.

Our battle with our enemies would never come to an end unless we return to our faith, its teachings and principles, King Khaled has stressed in his recent address that the Islamic teachings provide the correct path for the nation to be able to organizing this year's national volleyball championship. The new system secures the participation of 10 First Divisioo teams and eight Second Division provincial champions in addition to the 10 premier teams. The premier, first and second division

teams will be divided into two groups. The championship will progress in a knock-out system, and leaders of the groups are to meet for the final match. The championships will begin April 6 and the final game will be on May 14, it was decided.

The bureau also adopted a similar system for the First Divisioo and junior teams' championships. Teams participating in the Junior championship that begins March 11 will be divided into two groups. The final match between the first position holders of the groups will be held March 22, according to the bureau statement. Group A will comprise the Central, Qasim Eastern and Jouf Regions, while the Western, Southern, Medina and Hail Regioos form Group B.

confront all problems and challenges.

The success of the Mecca summit in tackling the Islamic issues and finding suitable solutions confirms that, Muslim leaders' identical views on the issues guided their way to success. Saudi Arabia and other Islamic states bave, in fact, exerted stupendous efforts in bringing the conference to success. Their efforts symbolized the spirit of unity and solidarity as well as their joint action on a united Islamic strategy, whose aim is to settle the Palestine issue on a just basis, to liberate Jerusalem from the Zionist occupation, to compel to Soviet Union to withdraw its invading forces from Afghanistan and to belp Muslims everywhere and at all times.

IDB concludes Upper Volta contract

JEDDAH, Jan. 30 (SPA) — The Jeddahbased Islamic Development Bank signed an agreement with Upper Volta under which the bank will raise 20 per cent of a gold mine project's capital in the south western region of the Western African country.

The IDB's participation in the project is estimated at \$4 million. The mine's annual output is estimated at 1,200 kilograms of gold. The bank had granted Upper Volta two loans in the past for financing foreign operations. the loans, totaling to 8.65 million Islamic Dinars (\$11.2 million), involved importing cement and other construction materials. The IDB is also participating in other projects in Upper Volta.

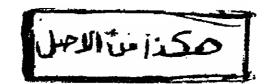
The Islamic bank's capital was increased by the third Islamic Summit conference that coded Wednesday night to expand its activities in promoting trade among Islamic countries. More than \$3 billion was jointly contributed by Saudi Arabian, the UAE, Kuwait and Qatar.





SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1981





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Ita confor April opening ew Jeddah airport prepares countdown

By Javid Hassan

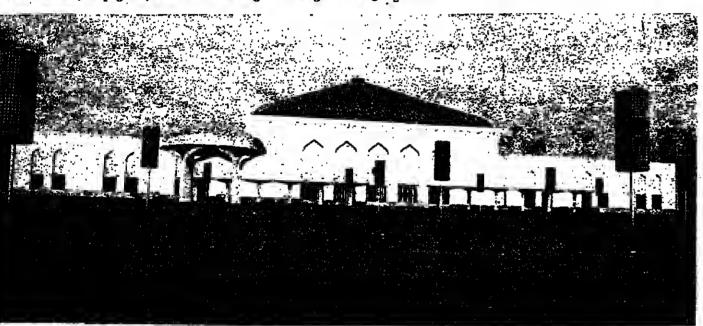
EDDAH, Jan. 30 - The King Abdul iz International Airpot is all set for April when the 105 sq. km complex will be open air traffic, according to airport officials. visit to the airport site, located 25 km

from the city provided a glimpse of the hectic construction activity that is going on. Nearly 11,000 workers from 35 countries are toiling day and night to complete the SR 15 billion project, the first phase of which is almost ready.

This includes two commercial airline ter-



I'll alway PILGRIMAGE: Haj terminal under construction. The terminal, which can accommodate 80,000 pilgrims, is said to be the largest building in the Kingdom nember



ROYAL STOP: A view of the royal pavilion with its roof covered with copper and walls laced with white marble. The pavilion has a 19,000 sq. meter parade ground alongside which aircraft will park to discharge passengers.

minals, the Haj terminal (which will be completed in time for this year's Haj season), a royal pavilion for use by the King, overhaul hangar, air cargo terminal, control tower, desalination plant and other support facilities.

Two parallel runways, one 3,300 meters (10,890 feet) and the other 3,800 meters (12,540 feet) long, have been completed. A third runway, for use by the Royal Saudi Air Force, is being designed. These will accommodate some 44 aircraft, ranging from the Boeing 747 to the Boeing 737.

Extensive parking facilities have been provided at the airport, said to be twice as big as New York's Manhattan island. The oew Jeddah facility will replace the much smaller airport in the city, currently served by 41 air-lines, including Saudia, the national flag carrier of the Kingdom.

Projections for the oew airport envisage traffic of 8.6 millioo passengers by 1985 and 10 million by 2000. The south and oorth terminals, already constructed, have been equipped to handle 3,600 and 2,500 passengers per hour, respectively. The south terminal, which will be used by Saudia, consists of curved roofs, a spacious courtyard and a reflecting pool. A mosque has also been built in one wing of the building whose walls and floors are laced with Italian marble. The north terminal is similar in design to the south terminal, though smaller in size. It is meant for the use of other international airlines.

1.14

Everything in the airport is automatic, including the fire protection system.

An overhead self-regulating system discharges water from a one-million gallon tank. This is backed up by sprinkler and foam sys-

The new airport boasts a number of superlatives to its credit. For instance, it has the largest airfreight handling structure in the Middle East, with a capacity for 150,000 metric tons of freight a year. The air cargo terminal will be able to accommodate seven Boeing 747 jet freighters on its apron and a groundside parking capacity for 250 trucks and 350 automobiles.

Another impressive structure is the royal reception pavilion for the exclusive use of King Khaled aod his guests, including visiting dignitaries. With its roof covered with copper and walls with white marble from Greece, it is a self-contained terminal facility.

It has a 10,000 square meter parade ground aloogside which aircraft will park to discharge passengers. Besides the receptioo hall and two conference rooms, the royal pavilion is also equipped with a press room for the use of 100 newsmen.

The Haj terminal, which spreads over an area of 1.5 sq. km, is another attraction of the airport. Consisting of two identical buildings, each with a complex of five modules, it can accommodate 80,000 pilgrims during the peak Haj period.

It will be topped by the world's largest fabric roof (510 sq. meters or 5,000 sq. ft.) of fiberglass material coated with tefloo to help reflect heat, and control the temperature inside. The terminal is said to be larger than the U.S. Defense Department's Pentagon, the world's largest office building.

A ooval feature of the fibreglass fabrics oof will be its ability to permit shadowless natural light to filter through, eliminating the need for daytime lighting. At night spotlights will shine directly on the fabric roof, creating a moonlight effect underneath. Traverlers from the aircraft will thus enjoy a breathtaking spectacle of a soft, golden glow.

Placement of the terminal roof began last year. However, a portion of the terminal complex will be ready by September.

Meanwhile, extensive landscaping is in full swing around the airport as part of an ecological plan to check soil erosion. Some 72,000 trees and more than 2.5 million other plants are being grown around the airport to create a welcoming ambience for the Hajis.

For Kingdom's participation

Yemen projects to be considered

TAIF, Jan. 30 (SPA) — The next meeting of the Saudi Arabian Yemeni coordinatioo council will be held in Sanaa, Yemen Arab Republic in March, officials announced bere Friday.

The announcement was made following a meeting between Defense Minister Prince Sultan ibn Abdul Aziz and the Foreign Minister of Yemen Ali Lutf Al Thawr who was a member of his country's delegation to the third Islamic summit confernece here, Prince

Sultan represents the Kingdom at these meetings which discuss ways and means of cooperation for the development of Yemen.

The council was set up to draw up plans for projects that the Kingdom can participate in that country. They include highways, schools, large and small hospitals, mosques and artesian wells. The meetings take place periodically either in Riyadh or in Sanaa under Prince Sultan. The scheduled meeting will be the sixth so far.

Prayer Times						
Saturday	Mecca N	ledina R	iyadh Da	mmam Bu	raidah Ta	bok
Fajr	5.34	5.39	5.11	5.00	5.24	5.57
Ishraq	6.59	7.04	6.36	6.25	6.49	7.22
Dhuhr	12.24	12.35	12.06	11.53	12.18	12.47
Asst	3.47	3.44	3.15	3.00	3.24	3.51
Mughrib	6.11	6.07	5.38	5.23	5.47	6.14
Isha	7.41	7.37	7.08	6.53	7.17	7.44



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Riyadb, 17tb, of January 1981

Mr. Claude Moscheni **Executive Vice-President** Operations NOVOTEL INTERNATIONAL Paris Evry, France

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> Abientôt RICHARD SCHILLING GENERAL MANAGER

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The official text of the Mecca Declaration

BISMILLAHIR RAHMAN ER RAHIM THE MECCA DECLARATION OF

PAGE 4

THE THIRD ISLAMIC SUMMIT CONFERENCE We, the Kings, Presidents, Emirs and Heads of Government of the Member States of the Organization of the Islamic Conference.

Assembled at the Third Islamie Summit Conference heid in Makkah Al-Mukarramah, from 19-22 Rabi-ul-Awwal 140JH, corresponding to 25-28 January 1981 A.D.

Bow in gratitude to Allah, the Almighty, who has, to His Infinite Grace, enabled us to congregate in this Sacred City, in the vicinity of the Ka'bah, venue of Divine Revelation and the Qibla of all Muslims, at the dawn of the new Hijra Century in an assembly which we consider to be a momentous event in the history of the Islamie Ummah and the beginning of an all-embracing Islamier resurgence, demanding of all Muslims to pause and take stock of their past, evaluate their present, and lonk forward with confidence to a better future in a spirit of Islamie solidarity in order to restore the unity of their ranks, work for their prosperity and advancement, and achieve, once again, an exalted position in the world community and buman civilization.

Strict adherence to Islam and Islamie principles and values, as a way of life, constitutes the highest protection for Muslims against the dangers which confront them. Islam is tha only path which can lead them to strength, dignity and prosperity and a better future. It is the pledge and guarantee of the authenticity of the Ummah safeguarding it from the tyrannical on-rush of materialism. It is the powerful stimulant for both leaders and peoples in their struggle to liberate their boly places and to regain their rightful place in this world so that they may, in concert with other nations, strive for the establishment of equality, peace and prosperity for the whole of markind.

The belief of all Muslims in the eternal principles of liberty, justice, buman dignity, fraternity, tolerance and compassion and their constant struggle against injustice and aggression reinforces their determination to establish just peace and barmony among peoples, to ensure respect for buman rights, and to work for the strengthening of international organization based on humanitarian principles and peaceful co-existence among nations. Thus a new age would dawn wherein relations between nations would be governed by principles and not by force, and wherein all forms of oppression, exploitation, domination, injustice, colonialism and neocolonialism, as well as all kinds of discrimination on grounds of race, color, creed or sex would be banished for ever from this carth.

We declare that only firm adherence to our faith will enable us to retain the strength of our social structures and belp our communities to avoid succumbing to the distinity and degradation of the past when many Muslim homelands, particularly Al-Quds Al-Sharif — the first Qibla and the third holiest shrine of the world of Islam — fell prey to foreign domination. History is replete with instances where Muslim communities bave fallen victim to injustice and aggression; their intellectual achievements eroded; their share of their own material resources diminished. Indeed the dawn of the century saw the Muslim world confronting dangers and challenges to its independence, security, honor and dignity.

We are saddened to note that despite all its material and scientific and technological achievements manking today suffers from poverty of me spirit, from moral and ethical decay and societies are marred by inequities, economies are crippled by severe crises and international political order is in constant danger of destabilization.

The forces of evils are now on the march, multiplying the hot-beds of war, sowing the seeds of dissensions, threatening the security of the world, man's peace of mind, and jeopardizing buman civilization.

We consider that the innate qualities of the Muslim Ummah point the way to unity and solidarity, to progress the Bonk of God and the Sunnah of the Holy Prophet (peace be upon him). In them can be found a complete way of life leading us, guiding us along the path of goodness, righteousness and salvation. This is our cultural heritage. It enables us to break the shackles of subservience and mobilize in us the spiritual strength to utilize to the fullest extent our inherent capabilities. It is our sheet anchor for a righteous life.

It is our conviction that the Ummah of 1000 million people, composed of various races, spread over vast areas of the globe and possessing enormous resources, fortified by its spiritual power and utilizing to the full its human and material potential, can achieve an outstanding position in the world and ensure for itself the means of prosperity in order to bring a better equilibrium for the benefit of all markind.

We meet today in this august assembly and in this Serene City on this momentous juncture in the annuals of Islam, determined to reinforce our solidarity and set in motion the process of our renaissance. To this end, we make the following solemn declaration:

1. All Muslims, differing though they may be, in their language, enlor, domicile or other conditions, form but one nation, bound together by their common faith, moving in a single direction, drawing on one common cultural beritage, assuming one mission throughout the world. Thus, they stand as a nation of moderation, rejecting alignment to any and all blocs and idealogies, steadfastly refusing to surrender to divisive infinences or to conflicts of interest.

We are, therefore, determined to move forward to reinforce our solidarity, to overcome rifts and divisions and to settle in a peaceful manner all disputes that may arise amongst us on the basis of convenants and the principles of brotherhood, unity and inter-dependence and on our belief in the justice and empassion derived from the Holy Book of Allah and the Sunnah of His Prophet, which constitute for us the eternal source of justice.

In fulfilment of the aspirations of our peoples, we shall intensify consultations amongst ourselves and complement and contribute our endeavors in the international field in order to better defend our ennumon causes and thus to enhance our prestige and position in the world.

We are equally determined to engage in lihad with all the means at our disposal, to liberate our occupied territories, to support one another in defending our independence and territorial integrity, to vindicating our rights and in eliminating the injustices reaked on our nation, depending on our own strength and firm solidarity.

2. Conscious that Muslims today are victims of innumerable injustices and are faced with multiple dangers due to the reign of force and aggression and the politics of violence in international behavior;

Conscious also of the fact that Islam enjoins justice and equity both for its followers and others and it also enjoins tolerance and magnanimity

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towards those who do not combat us, do not force us to leave our homes and do not vilate our sacred values and which never takes the side of wrong doing, injustice or oppression:

We reaffirm our unflinching resolve to combat the Zionist usurpation by force of arms of Palestinian lands and other Arab territories and to frustrate all Zionist designs and actions in this regard. We condemn and reject the policies of those who assist this aggression by giving the Zionist entity political, economic, demographie and military support. We equally reject all initiatives that are not consistent with the Palestinian choice which calls for a just solution of the Palestinian question based on the realization of the inalienable national rights of the Palestinian people including their right to return to their home and, their right to selfdetermination including the right to establish an independent Palestinian State in their bomeland under the leadership of Palestine Liberation Organization, the sole and legitimate representative of the Palestinian people. We also reject all attempts to exert pressure on us or on other o tries of the world to accept a fait accompli and to surrender to unjust solutions. We affirm our resolve to confront this aggression and pressure with the means at our disposal to prepare ourselves for Jihad in order to liberate the occupied Palestinian and Arab territories and the bolyplaces and to recover the incontrovertible rights of the Palestinian people as recognized by International Law and the U.N. Resolutions relating to the question of Palestine.

The violations committed against the Haram of Al Quds Al Sharif, the aggression perpetrated against the people of Palestine and their established national and religious rights, and the contiouation of aggression through the annexation of Al Quds Al Sharif leave us on choice but to firmly stand upto this aggression and to denounce its supporter. We therefore pledge to wage Jihad with all the means at our disposal for the liberation of Al Quds and the occupied territories. We shall make this liberation struggle the prime Islamic cause of this generation until God willing Al Quds Al Sharif and all the occupied Palestinian and Arab territories are restored to their legitimate owners.

Faced with the open invasion of the territory of Afghanistan, a Sovereign Muslim State and the violation of the right of Afghan people to freedom and self-determination and their right to preserve their Islamic identity, we are determined to continue to support the struggle of the people of Afghanistan and to feel deeply concerned over the situation created by the foreign military intervention in Afghanistan.

We reaffirm our determination to seek a political solution of this crisis, on the basis of an immediate and complete withdrawal of foreign forces from Afghanistan, respect for political independence and territorial integrity, as well as the non-aligned nature of Afghanistan, and respect for the inalienable rights of the beroie Afghan people to self determination without any foreign intervention or pressure,

We declare our full solidarity with the people of Afghanistan, who are engaged in a Jihad to attain their freedom and independence.

We express our deep concern over the increasing rivalry between the Superpowers, their compention for spheres of influence and their increasing endeavors to intensify their military presence in the areas near and adjacent to the states of the Islamic world, such as the Indian Ocean, the Arabian Sea, the Red Sea and the Gulf. We affirm our common conviction that the peace and stability of the Gulf and the Security of its Scalances, is the exclusive responsibility of the Gulf States without any foreign interference.

The persecution of Muslim minorities and emmunities in many parts of the world constitutes a violation of human rights and is contrary to the dignity of man. We call upon all countries which bava Muslim minorities to enable them to perform their religious rites in full freedom and to extend to them equal rights as citizens protected by the State in accordance with the sanctity of law.

3 Taking note of the present state of international relations, which are charaterized by the evils of bigotry and racism, dominated by the rule of force and the arms race, by greed and injustice, colonialism and exploitation of weak nations, factors which threaten out civilization and disturb social and material equilibrium of the world, desirous of seeing that the forces of good throughout the world establish the buman values of fraternity, humanity and justice; we call upon all states and peoples of the world to re-build it anew, through sincere and concerted efforts, so that peace may prevail and ennflicts and wars may be avoided. We call for the disputes to be settled peacefully, and for relations to be conducted constructively, for man's capacities to be barnessed in the service of humanity, instead of being wasted in a race for the acquisition of armaments and of weapons of death and destruction. Should this come to pass, justice would prevail and buman relations wou ld be estab lished on the basis of equality and fraternity, benevolence and enmpassion, and not on the basis of discrimination and injustice. Thus, would the oppressed peoples of the earth he liberated; thus would they avoid the mischiefs of war-mongers; thus would mankind be blessed with peace, and basie buman rights be once again triumphant.

We resolutely support, and call others to support, the United Nations Organization and all other inter-governmental institutions which provide a suitable framework for cooperation, an important platform for dialogue and understanding, and an instrument for setting disputes and resolving crises. We strongly denouce any tendency to impose tutelageon and obstruct the activity of the U.N. We condemn Israel and the States which systematically vinlate the principles of the U.N. Charter. We confirm our loyality to the principles and aims of non-alignment and support the League of Arab States and the Organization of African Unity, and our full solidarity with the countries of the Third World.

4. Convinced of the need of our people to adhere strictly to their faith and to rely on their beritage in the building up of a society committed to faith, justice and morality, we confirm our determination to be guided by the Bonk of Allah and the Sunnah of the Holy Prophet in shaping our lives and our societies and in strengthening our relations with peoples and countries of the world. In this, we proceed from the belief that this is the best guarantee for the triumph of truth and virtue and for the establishment of justice and peace; it is also the surest path to digaity, prosperity and security for the Islamic Ummah.

We reiterate our desire to establish the practice of "Sbnra" (construction) among all Muslims, to normalise this principles in all walks of life, to order that the doing of good deeds may be promoted and wrong-doing eliminated. Thus would solidarity be implanted in the collective conscience and people would participate in the running of their affairs

putting an end to dissension and discord. We shall make every effort to facilitate contacts between individual Muslims and hetween specialized institutions in order to provida opportunities for enntinuous consultation. Inspired by the Book of God and the Sunnah of the Holy Prophet which are a basic source of guidance in this regard we affirm our determination to protect buman rights and dignity. We like-wise affirm our determination to ensure the rights, freedoms and basic needs of mankind. We shall endeavour, to this end, to establish the basis and tha means for the protection of rights and sacred values, for the removal of injustices for the triumpb of all people struggling to achieve independence, freedom and justice and for the upholding of the principles of justice and dignity whenever they are violated, including Palestipe and South Africa.

5. Aware of our common interests, we declare our determination to eliminate poverty from which some of our peoples continue to suffer, by consolidating our economic cooperation on the basis of complimentarity and pooling of our resources to achieve coordinated development of our countries, wa also declare our resolve in a spirit of Islamie solidarity, to promote economic development of the countries which are least developed amongst us. We further pronounce on resolve to rationalize our development policies in order to ensure balanced progress in both the material and spiritual domains.

We call for efforts to be made to establish economic relations in the world on bases of justice, interdependence and mutual interest, to ensure the disapperance of the wide gap separating the industrialized countries and the developing and poor countries, and the institution of a new economic order based on equity and solidarity, under which development policies are rationalized and integrated to eliminate, once and for all, famine and its dangers, as well as all kinds of deprivation and all forms of exploitation of peoples suffering under the effects of colonialism and backwardness and to ensure the development of these countries and the proper utilization of their resources. We reaffirm the right of States to havo sovereignty over their natural resources and to control their exploitation.

6. Believing the tenets of Islam which preach that the quest of knowledge is an obligation on all Muslims we declare onrselves determined to cooperate in spreading education more widely and strengthening educational institutions until ignorance and illiteracy have been eradicated and to take measure aimed towards the strengthening of Islamic educational carticula and to encourage research and I jihad among Muslim thinkers and Ulemas while expanding the studies of modern sciences and technologies.

We also pledge ourselves to coordinate our efforts in the field of education and culture, so that we may draw on our religions and traditional sources in order to unite the Ummah, consolidate its colture and strengthen its solidarity, cleanse our societies of the manifestations of moral laxity and deviation by inculcating moral virtues, protecting our youth from ignorance and from exploitation of the material, needs of some Muslims to alienate them from their religion.

Believing in the need to propagate the principles of Islam and the spread of its culture, glory throughout the Islamic societies and in the world as a whole and to emphasize its rich heritage, its spiritual strength, moral values and laws conducive to progress, justice and prosperity, we are determined to cooperate to provide the human and material means to achieve these objectives. We also pledge to exert further efforts in various cultural fields to achieve rapproachment in the thinking of Muslims and to purify Islamic thought of all that may be alien or divisive.

We further pledge ourselves, within a framework of cooperation and a joint program to develop our mass-tocdia and information institutions, guided in the effort by the precepts and teachings of Islam, in order to ensure that these media and institutions will have an effective role in reforming society, in a manner that helps in the establishment of an international information order characterized by justice, impartiality and morality, so that our nation may be able to show to the world its true qualities, and refute the systematic media campaigns aimed at isolating, misleading, slandering and defaming our nation. 7. Recelling with satisfaction the establishment

of the Organization of Islamic Conference, and noting with pleasure the progressive development of this Organization, as well as its growing status in international for a as a symbol of the unity of Muslims and a framework of noderstanding and rapprochment among them, and noting also the establishment of other institutions emana ig from the Organization, and the continuation of joint efforts in this direction, we commit ourselves to support and develop our organization, and to provide it with appropriate skills and ade resources, so that it may discharge the noble tasks assigned to it, and further to support the Islamic Solidarity Fund and Al-Quds fund as well as other organs and projects of the Organization to ensure their succes

We jointly pledge to support all international and inter-governmental Islamic bodies and instintions which conform to the objectives of our Organization for the purpose of strengthening the bonds of brotherhood between Muslims, intensifying their cooperation in various fields and reinforcing their international role. We also jointly pledge to support non-official Islamic bodies and institutious which serve the purposes and principles of the Charter of our Organization in a manner that is not contrary to the legislation of the member States.

We appeal to our peoples to hold fast to the teachings and cultural values of our religion, to unify their forces so as to face the challenges that confront them and to support one another in improving their conditions and achieving strength, dignity and prosperity.

We appeal to all other States and peoples in reciprocate the sentiments of the States Members of the OIC and their peoples in a sincere spirit of burnan brotherhood. Let us barnsh all hatred, in justice and oppression so that we may together build a world fit for mankind and so that we may enhance the level of our spiritual and mateial life. We pray to God to set us on the right path, to

crown our efforts with success, and to lead us to a righteous life.

"Allah hath promised such of yon as believe and do good works that He will surely make them to succeed (the present rulers) in the earth even as He caused those who were before them to succeed and that He will surely establish for them their religion which He hath approved for them, and will give them in exchange safety after their fear. They serve Me. They ascribe nothing as partner unto Me. Those who disbelieve henceforth, they are the miscreants."

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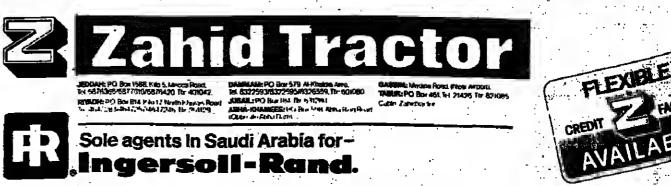
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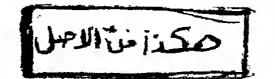
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RD+1. Itak TURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1981

U.S. warns Soviets to keep off Gulf

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (Agencies) Gen. David Jones, chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff, has warned the Soviet Union against taking military action in the Gulf, saying the move would open a wider conflict. "The Soviets must be convinced that an infringement on our vital interests in Southwest Asia would trigger a confrontation with the United States that would not be confined to that region," Gen. Jones said in his annual report to Congress Wednesday.

Jones also called oo U.S. allies to work with Washingtoo to develop a "broad global strategy" against any Soviet threat in the Gulf region, calling insufficieot current defense efforts by some members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organizating and Japan.

"The U.S. cannot and should not carry the sole burden" for defending the Gulf region, he said.

In the meantime, Egypt's military chief of staff repeated his warning Wednesday that the Soviet Unioo was "misusing arms in the Middle East, the official Mid-



Gen. David Jones

dle East News Agency reported from Cairo.

Speaking to troops at central army headquarters, Gen. Abdul-Halim Abu Ghazala reiterated remarks he made in an interview with the agency two weeks agn, that the Soviet Union aimed at encircling the Middle East nil fields from Afghanis-tan in the east to Libya on the Mediterranean.

"Libya cannot absorb all the Russian arms it bas," the agency qunted him as saying, "and the danger is that these arms represent an emergency warehouse for the Soviet Union to use when it feels necessary."

Sharon vows to finance new settlements

TEL AVIV, Jan. 30 (Agendes) - Israeli Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon has said he was going ahead with a controversial plan to finance more Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank. The plan is to compensate contractors who huild the settlements by giving them choice real estate plots in Israel proper instead of paying them money which the state can ill-afford.

Replying to six parliameotary motions on the land-swap plan Wednesday, Sharon accused his critics in the opposition Labor Party of plotting the surrender of the West Bank to Arah sovereignty. "We are offering land in return for homes," said Sharon, "and you are offering the land of Israel in return for pipe dreams."

Sharon's Likud factinn says it has built 60 of some \$0 settlements in the West Bank. The rest were built by the Labor Party when it was in power.

Sharon said the settlements were achieving Likud's aim of making it impossible for any future Israeli government to give the zone to

the Arabs. Meanwhile, three Jewish families have heen coovinced by soldiers to leave a hnuse they bad taken over in the occupied Arab town of Hehron, although they had earlier vowed to resist any ejection efforts. Eyewitnesses said Thursday the settlers went quietly after a large military force surrounded the building and an officer convinced them to lcave.

BRIEFS

CAIRO, (AP) — The joint Israeli-Egyptian military committee has ended five days of talks here on arrangements for the last stage of the Israeli pullout from Sinai, the official Middle East News Agency reported. Naval Gen. Mohsen Hamadi, who headed the Egyptian side, said Thursday that Egypt denied committing any violations of the terms governing the military presence it may maintain in Sinai.

BEIRUT, (AP) - A nine-man British House of Commons delegation flew here from London Thursday to begin a Middle East tour at the invitation of the Palestine Liberation Organization.

CAIRO, (AP) - Israel abruptly moved its exhibit Friday after the opening day of the Cairo Book Fair was marred by tensions when the Israelis found themselves orighbors with the Palestinian exhibit. Egyptian publishers who shared the first hall with the Israelis said the move was the result of a joint protest they presented to book fair organiz-

TEL AVIV, (AP) - Burglars broke into Tel Aviv's Haaretz Museum during the night and stole artifacts valued at more than \$3 million, a police spokesman said.

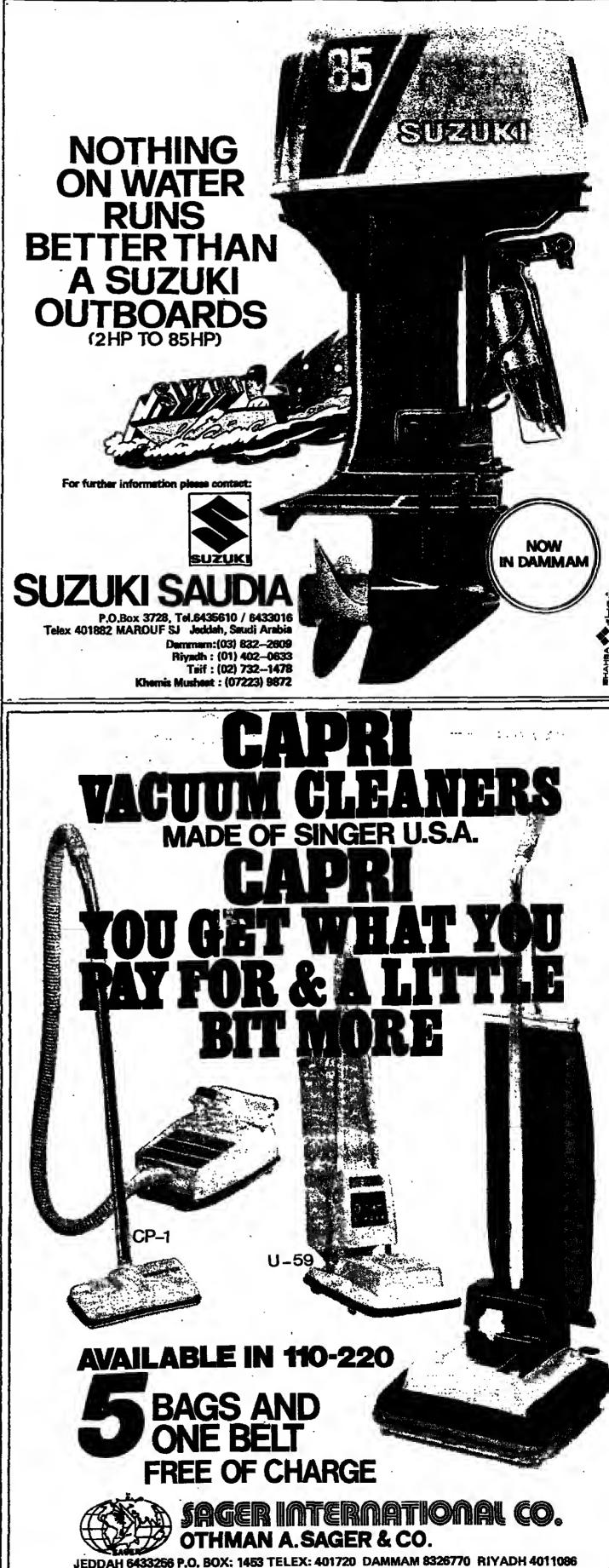
Four extremists given 36 years' sentences in Turkey

ISTANBUL, Jan. 30 (AP) — A martial law court here sectenced four right-wing terrorists to 36 years each in prison after convicting them on charges of premeditated murder of their leftist opponents.

The military prosecutor said the four defendants belonged to the now-defunct extreme Nationalist Action Party of retired Col. Alpaslan Turkes. The military tribunal also meted out prison terms from one year up

to 28 years to seven other members of the youth branch of the party io Istanbul. Meanwhile, martial law authorities in Izmir annouoced the arrest of 20 suspected leftist terrorists, including two women.

PAGE 5



Niger halts uranium to Libya president visits Tripoli

BEIRUT, Jan. 30 (Agencies) — Chadian resident Goukouni Oueddei is in Tripnli, ibya on his third visit in less than a month, the Kuwaiti News Agency reported Friday. The agency said in a dispatch from Tripoli, neddei arrived Thursday from a four-day unmit conference of Islamic countries in nudi Arabia.

The agency did not say how long Oueddei ould stay in Tripoli. His agreement with ibyan leader Col. Muammar Qaddafi to ork for a full unity of the countines sparked dverse reactions in Africa and France.

of uranium frum Niger last year. From Mediterranean to Dead Sea Jews promise aid to canal plan

TEL AVIV, Jan. 30 (AP) - Israel's plan build a canal from the Mediterranean to e Dead Sea has received a boost when wealny foreign Jews pledged an initial investment f \$100 million in the hydroelectric power roject.

Despite abjections from Jurdan, which was the eastern share of the Dead sea, the raeli government gave its conditional pproval for the canal plan last August. The roject faces an additional political problem ecause its Mediterranean inlet is planned for he southern end of the occupied Gaza Strip

In a separate development, Niger bas announced that it was halting uranium sales to Libya following the freezing of relations between the two countries.

Relations between Niger and Lihya have deteriorated hadly since Libya's intervention in the civil war in Chad. Earlier this mooth, Niger expelled Libyan diplomats after the Libyan embassy in Niamey was turned into a people's bureau.

Minister of Mines Mounkaila Tarouna confirmed reports that Libya bought 500 tons

A group of foreign investors in Israel bonds

who toured the canal route pledged Thursday

to raise \$100 million, bonds spokesman said.

The 125 bonds-buyers personally pledged

They were responding to a plea from Energy Minister Yitzhak Modai who took

them to the power plant site in the Judean desert and declared that work could start in

three months if \$100 million was available.

The project is expected to cost \$700-800 mil-

lioo and take almost 10 years to complete.

- ont in Israel proper.

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POSITIVE RESULTS

One of the issues remaining as the Islaamic Summit concluded its business is that of the mediation between Iraq and Iran in their costly and prolonged conflict. Such a step would need, before being taken, some clear sign from Iran of readiness to talk. Tehran, however, has remained bstinately silent, despite the report that the summit was

Will Reagan opt for 'quiet diplomacy'? By Robert C. Toth and George Skelton

r

WASHINGTON -

As Ronald Reagan enters the second week of his presidency, administration policy planning officials are searching for ways to warn potential terrorists that the United States will never again allow its citizens to be used in an episode like the Iran bostage crisis. No sooner had Reagan finished taking the oath of office on Jan. 20 than he announced a series of symbolic actions, to convey a sense of new directions on the economic front. Similarly, public anger over Iran's seizure of the 52 Americans gives Reagan a dramatic opportunity to speak out decisively on this most emotional foreign issue facing his embryonie administration. But even as he welcomed the ex-hostages and

aides pondered the future of U.S. relations with Iran, the Reagan White House bas begun to recognize the limitations of power and the counter-weighing factors that complicate the task of making a tough new policy. As Vice President George Bush acknowledged recently, restoring prosperity at home and peace- through-strength abroad "seemed a lit-

tle easier in the campaign, I must say." Echoing that, a White House aide said that be doubted Reagan would be prepared to lay out a definitive new U.S. policy toward terrorism very soon." It takes more than a week in office to formulate a new doctrine," the administration official explained. "All the ramifications must be thought out.'

Yet Reagan, as did so many of his predecessors, may find bimself driven to enunciate a new policy earlier than be wishes in order to satisfy publie expectations roused by his campaign rhetoric or else suffer a premature end to the boneymoon that traditionally follows inauguration.

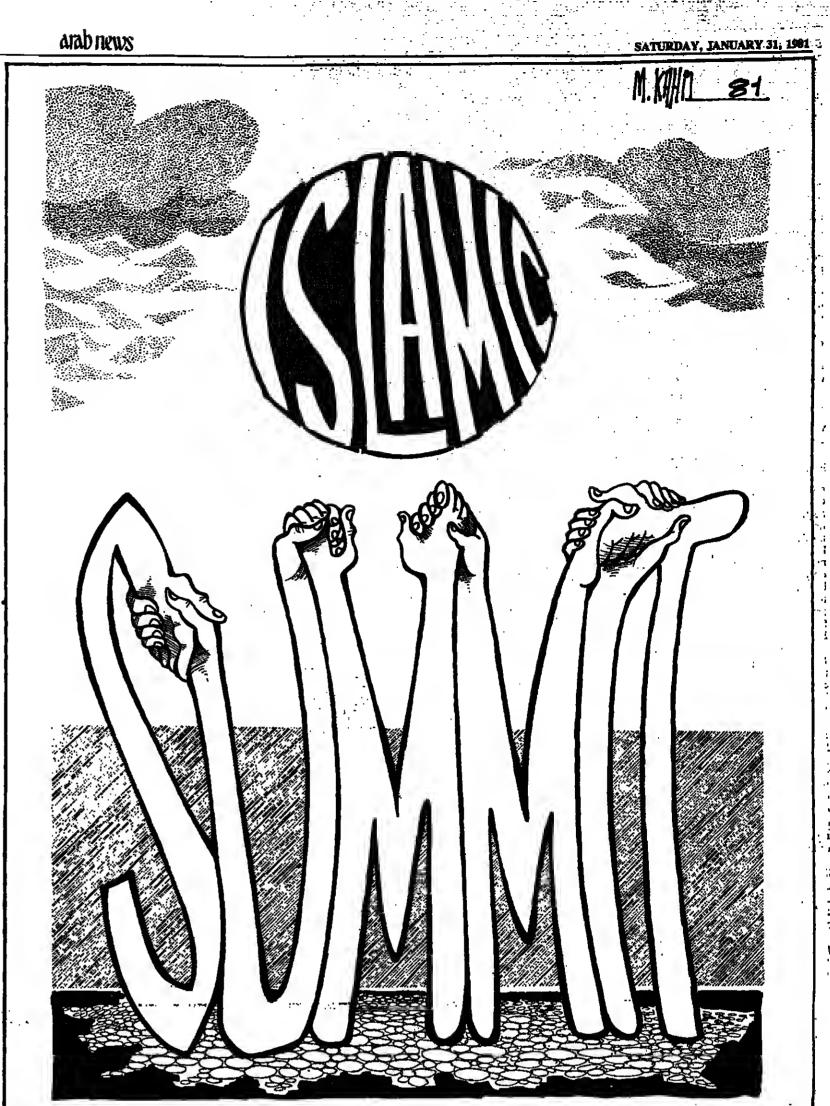
Reagan is certain to be questioned on the issue at his first press conference as will his Secretary of State, Alexander Haig. At least two men wbo are expected to be on Haig's policy planning staff at the State Department have been seeking ways to prevent any repetition of the Iranian bostage seizure and apparent U.S. impotence to do anything about it, officials said

The two are Paul Wolfowitz, until recently a deputy assistant secretary of defense in the Caner administration, and Kenneth Edelman, described as a Reagan transition team member at the State Department, Wolfowitz is reportedly in line to be director of policy planning at the department despite conservative Republican criticism that he is not enough in tune with Reagan ideologically.

Neither Wolfowitz nor Edelman has direct experience in international affairs, however, and because neither has been formally appointed to administration jobs yet, they have had limited access to department officials who could contribute ideas or background information to formulation of doctrine.

At least two concepts are known to be under discussion within the government to make governments think twice before acting as terrorists to seize Americans. And a military force uoder the Joint Chiefs of Staff has been created in the wake of the failed U.S. raid to free the bostages, that would be prepared to take physical action sbould other measures fail to deter.

The first proposal is to amend the international rules and regulations that govern conduct between nations, the so-called Vienna Conventions on Diplomatic and Consular Relations, so as to obligate all signatories to break relations with any government found guilty of terrorist acts by the World Court of Justice at The Hague, Netherlands. The conventions, which codify centuries of traditions in diplomatic relations, now pledge the signatory states to respect the inviolability of diplomatic personnel and foreign embassy compounds. But the documents, which were last amended about 20 years ago, bave no enforcing mechanism. Iran bad signed the treaties. There was no punishment for violatiog them, however, when Iran was found guilty by the World Court last year of violating the conventions. A parallel move would be to amend the U.N. Charter to require expulsion of any nation that violates the Vienna Conventions. The second major proposal being discussed within the State Department would have the president publicly declare as formal policy that the taking of U.S. citizens as bostages by a foreign government would be tantamount to an act of war. But the new president, despite bis campaign attacks on Carter for being weak and indecisive in foreign affairs, has also spoken of the value of 'quiet diplomacy" and may now find it preferable to bard-line pronouncements that telegraph details of the U.S. capacity to react to terrorists. During the campaign Reagan several times cautioned against burling ultimatums without the ability to back them up. And last week, a White House official said Reagan has already shown his preference for quiet diplomacy and reaped fruits from that approach. The official said that Reagan, in return for welcoming South Korean President Chun Doo Hwan here Feb. 2, has obtained Seoul's agreement to spare the life of Chun's arch political rival, Kim Dae Jung, and to end martial life in the country. (LAT)



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ready to send a negotiating team composed of countries and bodies in whose friendliness Iran can have little doubt. If anyone can be depended on to obtain and convey the Iranian point of view, it is the heads of state of Syria, Algeria and Pakistan, as well as Yasser Arafat of the PLO. As it is, all will have to wait until such time as Iran wants to talk. Iraq, for its part, has already declared its acceptance of the Islamic media-

tion. One of the positive signs issuing from the summit was the speed with which the call for self-reliance in matters of security is being put to implementation. The call, issued by both King Khaled and Prince Fahd, rejected all foreign interference, under whatever pretext, in the affairs of the Islamic world as a whole and of the Gulf area in particular and will be taken up at the Gulf states' meeting, due to convene in Riyadh on the fourth of the coming month. The Gulf heads of state will also begin the first steps in implementing the economic and social programs which were part of the Taif Summit's business.

On the summit's most important issue, that of Jerusalem and Palestine, the Islamic world affirmed its view of the PLO as the sole representative of the Palestinian people, as well as of the necessity for a total Israeli withdrawal from all the territories occupied by force of arms - firstly and foremostly Jerusalem. The summit also upheld the right of the Palestiniau people to self-determination, specifically their right to au independent state on their own soil.

On the second most important point on the agenda, that of Afghanistan, the summit was unequivocal in rejecting the Soviet military presence and upbolding the right of the people of that suffering country to determine their own destiny without foreign interference.

President Zia ul-Hag of Pakistan has been actively consulting with other Islamic leaders in search of a formula which will ensure a solution to the crisis.

Letters to the editor

Encouraged by the illegal occupation of Muslim lands as the outcome of 1967 Mideast war which they fought with the allout belp of a superpower, in August 1969, Jews became bold enough to desecrate the Al-Aqsa Mosque - which is the third boliest place and the first Kaaba of Muslims.

The Islamic Summit Conference in September 1969 at Rabat was convened with the main object to bolster Muslim unity and to plan a common strategy to free the occupied Muslim lands and boly places and foil Israel's expansionist aims.

The Second Islamic Summit Conference held at Lahore proved even great success which among other achievements, sat a sbining example of Muslim brotherbood by bringing two separated brothers (Bangladesb and Pakistan) together again and adopted common strategy on all other problems confrontation the Muslim world.

Now the Third Islamie Summit Conference in Mecca proves the biggest success to evolve a common strategy in every field of life and adopts ways and means to counter Zionists and other evil forces attacks on Muslim lands and beritages consequently, spearheading the movements to free the Muslim occupied lands and boly places.

1

Dear sir. I am an avid reader of your widely circulated and renowned newspaper throughout the Kingdom. Ever since, I arrived in this Holy Islamie land, I always make it a point not to miss reading the paper even though I have to borrow it sometimes from a friend who is a regular subscriber. The foreign news is very interesting as it covers almost the four corners of the globe .

諸大臣のたい

I am glad to inform you also, that I just wrote, to extend my commendation and appreciation, but not to contribute any commentary. In addition, I would like to ask you a favor. If you would not mind, please furnish me the mailing address to His Majesty the beloved King Khaled, because I wish to extend to him my appreciation for bis bumanitarian acts toward the underdeveloped nations.

Very respectively yours, Ernesto A. Viera P.O. Box-1049 Jeddah Editor 's Note: His Majesty King Khaled 's address

0ka:

The Royal Diwan. Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.

Mr. Ismeal Villas Potente, Safety Supervisor, PSPC, P.O. Box 6514, Jeddah.

P.O. Box 381, Editor's Note: Thank you for your interest in Dammam. Arab News.

Review **Arabian** Press Saud

The weekend newspapers headlined the closing session of the third Islamie summit conference at Taif. They highlighted the summit's commitment: to the liberation of Jerusalem and a firm resolve to establish peace and cordiality among the people. They also gave prominence to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's reaffirmation that peace opportunity with Iran was still available, and Lebanese President Elias Sarkis' warning against the crisis in Lebanon.

Newspapers frontpaged Crown Prince Fahd's closing speech before the summit, in which he appealed to Iraq and Iran on behalf of the conference to balt the war. Jordanian King Hussein's statement that the summit has consolidated the pillars of joint Islamic action found front-page covereage in Okaz, while Al Yom frontpaged PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's warning against possible foreign intervention in the Iraq-Iran war.

Newspaper editorials reiterated that the Mecca Declaration would provide a beginning for the present and future action of the Islamic nation. They said the summit bas proved the Islamic world is capable of adopting resolutions and putting them into practice. Al Jazirah observed that an end to the meetings of the third summit heralds the beginning of responsibilities and obligations on the Islamic states. It said the obstacles confronted by the Islamic world pose a challenge to the Islamic will and determination that was so distinct in the solidarity of Muslim leaders. The paper added that the salient point is not as much the adoption of resolutions as it is to demonstrate the will to enforce those resolutions.

In an editorial, Okaz noted that the closing statement of the sum mit has made it quite clear that the strength of the resolutions lies in the firm base from which they have derived their inspiration. It added that the comprehensive statement of the conference achieves the aspirations pinned on Muslim leaders in respect of occupied Palestine and the restoration of Palestinian rights as well as the sacred places in the occupied territory. The paper said further that the summit's demand for the Soviet withdrawal from Afghanistan defines the Islamic stance on the issue, which would belp the international community to strive seriously for a solution to this problem.

Al Jarinak described the closing statement as a "document of the ages," saying it is the outcome of efforts of the participating leaders. It added that the world would know at a certain stage bow pledges and documents' are safeguarded and international laws respected among the Muslims in their relations with each other and with other countries of the world. The paper reiterated that the Islamic awakening is not directed against anyone, but it is a call of righteousness to build a new Islamic society for the benefit of all mankind. It beld the view that the Mecca summit would usber in a new era in the Islamic society enabling Muslims to live an honorable and dignified life.

Al Medina said it was a matter of joy for every Muslim to see the summit achieve favorable results and bring about stronger cooperation and under-

standing among the Muslims of the world. It added that the new standpoint of Islamic action will be based on economic and development activities, in the wake of the Kingdom's proposal on the establishment of a \$3-billion Fund for Islamic Development. The paper expressed satisfaction that the summit successfully isolated side differences from its agenda and enabled Muslim leaders to tackle the real problems of the Islamic nation.

by his son the late King Faisal.

Sir.

at Labore.

The Muslim world owes too much to Saudi

nulers who have served the Islamic cause so much

that volumes of books are required to record their

achievements. At this time I am concerned with the

Islamic Summit Conferences, the credit of which

goes directly to His Majesty King Khaled and

Crown Prince Fahd because it was the late King

Abdul Aziz under whose call an Islamic summit

conference was held at the Holy Mecca in the year

1926. Again it was the late King Faisal whose love

to Islam and great statesmanship enabled Muslim

heads of state to bold the first full fledged Islamic

Summit Conference at Rahat in 1969 and afterward

Thus the history of Islamie Summit Conference

(taking the recent past) goes back to 1926 when the

late King Abdul Aziz convened a conference of

Muslim heads of state at Mecca which proved a

great success toward a commendable start for forg-ing the Muslim unity all over the Muslim world. So

the late King Abdul Aziz well deserves to be called

founder and poincer of holding the Islamic Summ-

mit Conference. We note that regular convening of

the Islamic Summit Conference could not be con-

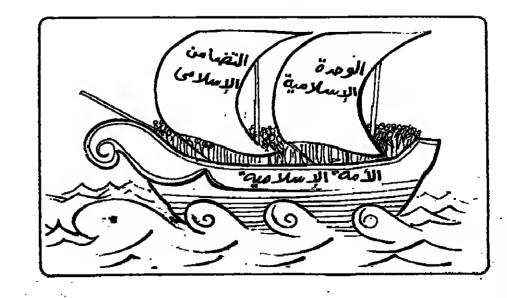
tinued due to some other compelling factors but the

concept and cause introduced by King Abdul Aziz

was never forgotten and task of its revival was taken

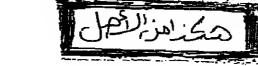
Discussing the same subject, Al Yom noted that the summit came up to the level of responsibilities and drafted distinct and commendable outlines for the new strategy of the Islamic nation. It said that Muslims all over the world bailed the declaration as it reflected the will and determination to give a strong confrontation to the enemies. It was a matter of satisfaction, it said, that the conference did not ignore any problem placed on its agenda, but adopted resolutions in harmony with the capabilities of the Islamic world.

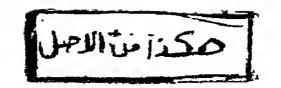
Al Riyadh described the summit as an historie turning point in the life of the Islamic nation, as it refused to accept the obliteration of Islamic entity by any other principle. The paper reaffirmed that the Islamic bentage is capable of compensating every alien principle, as it possesses a system of advisory council to liquidate all marginal issues. Endorsing the summit's stress on the boly war (Jihad), the paper said this war must first start from the self, and then proceed on to develop Islamic potentialities for its sake.



Manzoor Ahmed,

The Islamic nation's progress depends on its unity and solidarity.





URDAY, JANUARY 31, 1981

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arabnews Features

become 'rich and powerful' mmunist China's dream still a far cry

By Michael Parks

EKING (LAT) - After more than three ides in power, Red China's Communist y is coming to the realization that its miss, particularly the Cultural Revolution greately eroded its popular support and threaten its ability to govern effectively. tever its past achievements, the party faces, by its own assessment, the serious ibility that it will fail, just as its predeces-im Chinese history have failed, to fulfil ountry's centuries-old dream of becomrich and powerful" and thus fail to keep momises that brought it to power.

" in the Communists' leadership and in xism itself that the party may soon find its ority disintegrating to the extent that it be able to rule by force.

arely bas any ruling Communist Party so self-critical, but most top Chinese ars are convinced, after an unremitting, long appraisal of China's propsects, that rough renewal of the party is imperative, ; country is not going to be left behind in emal poverty.

ninese leaders bave gooe as far in their recent analyses as to admit that Red a is caught in an acute political dilemma. ally of the Communists' making. Given ackwardness and population, Communhina can modernize only under some 1 of socialism, they say, and the 38on-member Communist Party is oow the force that can lead it, but the party has corrupted by 30 years of power, bas e repeated mistakes; some of them quite e, and now finds that none of its formulas oaking the country "rich and powerful" worked.

ie only way out, most but not all Red aleaders accept, is reform of the party, is program and virtually the entire politieconomic and social system it has estabd so that it once again bas the support of people

The party's prestige is not high now -is a fact," the party's theoretical ionrnal. Flag, declared in an authoritative comtary carried by all of China's media. at is why we must, when insisting upoo party's leadership, improve it. Without rovement, we cannot persist in the ion's) leadership." Hu Yaobang, the y's general secretary, was equally fortht in speaking to a recent party confer-

s style of leadership is now a "matter of or death" for the party, be said, and the iges in the four years since the death of rman Mao Tse-tung have not been suffit to correct all the mistakes made in the rious 20s.

his "crisis of faith," first mentiooed last lary by Deng Xiaoping, a party vice-rman and dominant figure in Chinese tics, is widely reflected in the comments

of Chinese officials and in the country's newspapers and journals. The oew Shangbai Communist Party leader, for example, said almost casually while restating a longtime party policy that it would continue "as long as the Communist Party survives."

Was it possible, people immediately asked, that the party would not survive? The Communist Party oewspaper People's Daily admitted in a front-page editorial oot long ago that the party had "substituted itself for the government's and the country "suffered greatly because of this," with "no substantial improvement in living standards" for many since the Communists came to power in .1949.

The doubts are similarly reflected in the ideas the Red Chinese are exploring for the country's modernization. While there is a revival of "classic Marxism," that is, before it was adapted for Russia by Vladimir Lenin and for China by Mao Tse-tung, there is also extensive study for the first time in 30 years of Western philosophers — and a renaissance for traditional Chinese thinkers such as confucius.

An article discussing planoed revision of the Communist Chinese constitution suggested that the social contract of Jean Jacques Rousseau and the separation of government powers proposed by Mootesquieu two 18thceotury French philosopers, and the political philosophy of Thomas Jefferson should all be incorporated, merely mentioning Marxism-Leninism and ignoring "Mao Tse-tung thought."

The study of political scieoce, forbidden for 30 years, bas been officially revived, with emphasis on pluralism in political ideas and concepts. And, after years of criticizing Euro-Commission, Chinese are now studying its interpretatioo of Marxism for ideas on bow to make its version work. The doubts have widely affected the party membership itself.

What bas happened to the Chinese Communists has borne out Lord Actioo's warning, "power tends to corrput and absolute power corrupts absolutely.' Red Flag, reflecting Hu's views, put it this way in appraising the Chinese party today: "Is there any basic difference between a ruling party and an underground or non-ruling party? What is the danger to a party after it bas assumed power? The danger is that it will degenerate if it works carelessly. After it bas assumed power, the party cannot order the masses and must not become the rulers and the ruling class of the old society.

"It is theoretically and practically possible that socialism may degenerate into social imperialism. Mussolini, who used to be a believer in socialism, later became a fascist. Io Communist China, Lin Piao (the former defense minister who attempted a coup d etat against (Mao) and the "Gang of Four" also wanted to turn socialism into social fascism. This is a very serious problem."

(the second

Not all party leaders accept Hu's assesse ment, though it bas the strong backing of Deng. "Our party center is leading this liberatioo of the mind," an article on the "crisis of faith" said last month, calling for a oationwide criocal self-appraisal, "But it is meeting serious resistance fom people who maintain the modern superstition (of old Maoist concepts) and label the discussion ... a hauling down of the (Maoist) banner. Deng Xiaoping is resolutely dealing with this resistance and is supporting this discussion. There are people who are radically opposed to (China's course over the past two years) and enemies will use every opportunity to make trouble."

The lines are oow emerging on this issue ope of the fundamental questions facing the leadership. On one side are Deng, Ho and others who are deeply convinced that only with extensive de-Maoization and pragmatic new economic and social policies will the Communist Party re-establish its leadership and move China toward modernization. On the other side are dedicated Maoist, a oumber of whom still bold influential positions in the party, government and army. They see the abandonment of Mao's policies as a retreat from socialism. A centrist faction that tried to remain true to Mao's legacy while supporting basic reforms appears to have squng over to Deng on this issue to maintain the leadership's unity.

"People's ideological questions are invariably a reflection of practical problems," the

party newspaper People's Daily said, sum ming up a recent party conference reviewing ideological work. "We are much indebted to the people for their suffering from hardships in their lives in the past 20 years. We should pay more attention to solving their ideological problems by belping them solve their practical difficulties."

Already in charge of the party's day-to-day work, Hu would like to return it to the muchidealized vigor of the 1930s and 1940s when it was fighting alternately with the Chinese nationalist government and the Japanese army. But even he has acknowledged that circumstances may have changed too much for that.

"The function of the party," the paper reflected recently, "is to lead the broad masses to struggle for their own interests .. but to carry out its leadership, the party must first bave a correct political line, principles and policies. No one will follow if they are led down the wrong path and against their own interests. Time is needed, bowever, before people accept even the correct line, principles and policies ... (and) we cannot do this forcefully or change people's minds by issuing orders."

That is the paradox the party faces: to regain the people's confidence, it oeeds to' show against their growing cynicism that its oew policies work, but how will it get the poliocal momentum required for even this initial success?

Paris city council goes on spending spree

By Paul Webster

PARIS, (ONS) - A massive spending program by Paris City Council to buy nearly all big property that comes on to the market in the capital is causing angry reactioo among real estate agents, who accuse Gaullist Mayor, Jacques Chirac of socialist policies.

The council has put aside about \$85 million of its annual budget to buy up apartment blocks and building sites to increase its power as the city's biggest landowner and stop speculation by private financial institutions.

We are now intervening almost systematically whenever a big property comes on the market, said Jean-Claude Colin, head of the city's building department. 'We want to put buildings and ground under municipal control as the only way of keeping Parisians in the city.'

With property prices doubling, Paris is rapidly losing its family populatioo. Eveo a modest flat costs well over \$120,000, while the more chic areas are a closed reserve for insurance companies, baoks and Arab speculators.

Estate agents say they are being told it is a waste of time bandling buildings and sites. In the last two months alone, 22 big properties came on the market and the city used its right

multi-racial establishments to display to

The pending legislation is one of several

moves in recent years to eliminate 'petty

apartheid.' It was preceded by the relaxation

and, in some cases, abolition of segregated

sport and the acceptance of black diplomats from the United States, Malawi and Sooth

But the foundations of apartheid remain

on the statute book. They include the Race

Classificatioo Act, under which all South

Africans are listed racially. In addition, the

fixed Marriages and Immorality Acts pro-

hibit inter-racial marraige, and the Groups

Areas act provides for residential segrega-

Underpinning and reinforcing these laws

are measures for racially separate political

institutions, racially separate areas of land

ownership and racially separate educational

institutions. The degree of modification to

these measures by the oew wave of reformism

avoid unnecessary embarrassment.

Africa's 'independent homelands.'

of first refusal in every case. Because of the low price offered, 15 of the properties were withdrawn from sale.

PAGE 7

Estate agents are surprised at Chirac's policy because his party has been long associated with big business and a free market. However, in the last few months Chirac has developed a much closer arrangement withthe Communist and Socialist opposition and their attacks on speculation.

'We have to accept that we are now working in what is basically a socialist regime as far as property is concerned,' an estate agent said. 'The city council is already by far the biggest real estate owner and will soon be in a position to dictate prices."

Because the city has done nothing to interfere with the growing number of condominiums as more and more buildings are split up into co-ownership by individuals, it will be a long time before the house-bunter will notice any difference.

Forty-five per cent of residential blocks are now owned as condominiums compared to only 5 per cent 30 years ago, Nonetheless, a survey by a real estate coosnitant shows that 'municipalization' of the rest of the city is well advanced.

The survey, by Patrice de Monean, is the first attempt in 30 years to find out who really owns Paris. The municipal council leads with 7,000 buildings, ooe in 11 of every major constructioo.

In a total of 77,000 blocks, another 5,000 are owned by state institutions, including the railways, the electricity authority and governmeot-backed low rental housing companies. The big insurance companies own about 2,000.

Even before the systematic buying prog-ram, the city had been adding about 30 buildings a year to its real estate since 1950, most of them bought from private landlords, who are a diminishing breed. The Champs-Elysees provides the clearest evidence of a decline in private landlordship.

In 1950, 36 buildings there were owned by families. Now only nine remain in private hands. In a local free-for-all oo the avenue by speculators and investors, the most important purchases have been made by the country's biggest insurance company, the Union des Assurances de Paris. Its investment portfolio includes the former Figaro building and the Claridge's complex among the 300 buildings it owns in Paris.

But the discreet BPGF - a private financial macagement bank - has been active on behalf of the clients. In a matter of months they have spent \$60 million on the Champs-Elysees to buy prestige sites like Fouquet's Restaurant and the former Lido.

COMPANY COMPANY

Making S. African hotels accessible to blacks tute of Race Relations bas designed a logo for

By Patrick Laurence

JOHANNESBURG, (ONS) - South African boteliers and restauranteurs have generally welcomed the proposed legislatioo admitting blacks to their premises at the owners' discretion, but popular white reaction has been far less positive, varying from resignation through apprehension to hostil-

ity. President of the Federated Hotel Associations Arnold Brock voiced the fcelings of most owners and managers when be said: 'It has always been our viewpoint that the discretion as to who should be a guest should be left to the botelier. For that reason we are pleased about the proposed law."

But the mood is segregated whites-only bars was less cheerful. One forecast was a sure prescription for violence, A regular at a Johannesburg botel predicted that the best botels after the change becomes law would be those close to police stations.

Tom Nicholson, a mechanic, said: 'We're okay. The Jeppe police station is close enought. But take a hotel some distance away from the police station - by the time they get to the scene of the fight we will be dripping in blood."

1.0

The white hotelier recalled that a black botelier had beeo bounded out by white iotransigence. He predicted: 'I know my regulars. It simply will got work at all. The people are going to fight."

These were reactions in less expensive botels in Johannesburg. In the more expensive 'international botels' - which already bave permission to admit black gnests - greater toleration was evident. White reactioo in less sophisticated rural areas, bowever, is likely to be more bostile.

But, for ooe important reason, implementing the pending change is likely to be smoother than pessimists aoticipate. The proposed change will be permissive: hoteliers and restauranteurs will be free to retain the present segregated status. Those with conservative white dients will almost certainly remain closed to blacks,

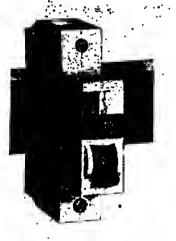
The initial pattern is likely to be one in which most expensive hotels in the urban ceoter take advantage of the new ruling to open their doors to all races, while less expensive botels will remain segregated for the whites only.

A potential area of friction is the lack of clarity on which hotels will serve blacks and which will not. But the South African Insti-

Soweto leader, Dr. Nthato Motlana, termed the latest proposals as a 'mere nibbling away at the edifice of Verwoerdian apartheid.'

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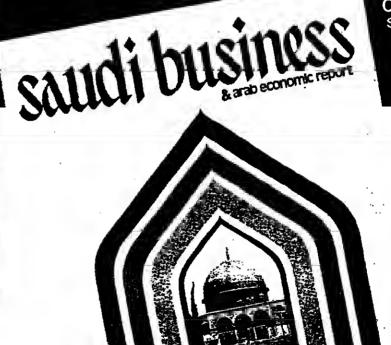
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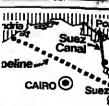


COVER The third Islamic summit meeting in Tail last story week came with what could be termed as a program of action for the Muslim world Night Larvey reports on page 22. From Jerusaleni to Afghanistan to economy to procedural issues of the Islamic institutions, Islamic jint work seems to be poised for take-uff.





EGYPTIAN OIL: The announcement of new oil discoveries in Egypt could not have been timely. Egyptian economy is suffering hard and definitely extra few thousand barrels of oil will help. Report by Cairo Bureau page 30.



CONSTRUCTION EXHIBITION '81: Middle East Construction is now an annual event in Jeddah. Javid Hasan visited the exhibition and came with

the story on page 18.



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Anabinews International

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1981

Occupation of Kampuchea Vietnam offers partial pullout

BANGKOK, Jan. 30 (Agencies) — Vietnam and its Indochinese allies bave called for a meeting with non-Communist southeast Asian countries in the latest diplomatic maneuver over disputes centering on the Vietnamese military occupation of Kampuchea. Vietnam, Laos and Kampuchea, at the end of a two-day foreign ministers' meeting in Ho Chi Minh City Thursday, also offered a partial withdrawal of Vietnamese troops from Kampuchea if Thailand stopped adding anti-government guerrillas.

There was no immediate official reaction from Thailand and its four partners in the non-Communist Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN), and Thai officials said there would first have to be consultations among mcmbers. ASEAN comprises

Top police official detained in Assam

NEW DELHI. Jan. 30 (AP) — A top police official in the northeastern state of Assam was arrested Thursday under the national preventive detention law, the United News of India reported. UNI said that deputy inspector general Bhattacharyya was arrested at his home. It did not mention if be was charged with any offense.

A police spokesman said in Gauhati, 500 kilometers northeast of Calcutta, that Bhattacharyya was transfered to a special security force last year but bad not joined his new job "on health grounds." State officials said that Bbattacharyya bad openly favored a 15month student-led agitation against alleged aliens in Assam which bas crippled the local administration and economy. Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand. Thai sources expressed doubt that the proposals would prove acceptable, but said it would be necessary to have a deeper look at them.

Sources here said that one of the problems about a conference between the Indochinese countries and ASEAN, leading to a "treaty, on peace and stability in southeast Asia." was the fact that it would mean the elevation of Indochina into a recognized bloc. ASEAN does not recognize the Vietnamese-backed government of President Heng Samrin in Kampuchea, let alone its legitimacy as a member of a Vietnamese-dominated Indochina.

The Indochinese countries said the complete withdrawal of Vietnamese troops from Kampuchea would be considered "when the threat from China no longer exists". But it added that an unspecified number of troops would be pulled out immediately if Thailand ceased making territory available to antigovernment guerrillas, stopped giving them weapons and food and put them in camps far from the border.

Thailand bas denied aiding guerrillas either those loyal to the ousted pro-Peking Khmer Rouge regime or non-Communist Khmer forces who live in encampments along the Thai-Kampuchean border. Thai sources said Thailand and its partners had not, in any event, been asking for a partial withdrawal.

Western diplomats in Bangkok saw the Indochinese proposals as a bid to take the diplomatic offensive before next month's nonaligned meeting in India and to pre-empt renewed calls for an international conference on Kampuchea — an ASEAN proposal, passed by the United Nations but flatly rejected by Vietnam. They were also made on the eve 'of Chinese premier Zhao Ziyang's visit to Thailand for talks with Thai leaders.

China's relations with Vietnam deteriorated after the Vietnamese-led nffensive to topple the Khmer Rouge government two years ago. China attacked Vietnam soon afterwards and has been backing Khmer Rouge guerrillas in their struggle against the estimated 200,000 Vietnamese troops in Kampuchea. The Indochinese foreign ministers referred to China's "hostile policy" in the region, but nevertheless called for bilateral treaties of peaceful coexistence with Peking.

The more radical members in the nonaligned camp consider as too moderate the draft for a final resolution India bas been preparing for the nonaligned foreign ministers' meeting that is to take place next Feb. 9 to 12 in New Delhi, according to diplomatic sources in Havana.

The political section of the Indian draft, these sources pointed out, merely lists the questions of Afghanistan. Namibia, South Africa, Palestine and southeast Asia without making any reference to "imperialism," and leaving out issues such as Latin America and the western Sahara altogether. These omissions have been puzzling to the countries concerned, all the more so, it was reported, because there was no mention either of the efforts deployed by Cuban President Fidel Castro, the current chairman of the nonaligned movement, at finding solutions to the Afghan problem and the conflict between Iraq and Iran.

Countries critical of the draft were said to ncknowledge India's support of the principles and objectives embodied in the final Havana declaration of 1979. They were objecting bowever to the absence of more specific language, and nf references to issues as burning as the situation in El Salvador, as one exam-



SA YING IT WITH FLOWERS: That Prime Minister Prem Tinsulanonda (left) extends an enthusiastic welcome to Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang at Bangkok on his arrival for a four-day visit Friday.

Botha orders April poll

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 30 (Agencies) — South African Prime Minister Pieter Botha bas called an early general election, apparently in the bope of strengthening his position within the ruling National Party. Hardline rightwingers in the party bave opposed his proposals to relax South Africa's apartheid (racial segregation) laws and speculation bad been intense that Botha wanted to be returned to power in his own right. He inherited the prime minister's job from the disgraced John Vnrster in late 1978.

Botha, delivering the first major government speech since parliament formally opened last Friday, announced the April 29 election sbortly after saying that a senior Soviet intelligence officer bad been arrested in the country last year. Opposition leader Frederik Van Zyl Slabbert reacted sharply to the news of an early general election, 18 months ahead of schedule.

National Party officials, pointing to a booming economy and opposition setbacks in by-elections late last year, were confident of overwhelming support from the whites-only voters. The Nationalists had 1.36 of the 165 seats in the last parliamentary session and have been returned to power six times in a row since 1948.

The resort to early parliamentary elections is a fairly common practice in South Africa. Vorster, as prime minister, followed the same tactics thrice: in 1970, twelve months before the scheduled date, and in 1974 and 1977. Botha bas everything to gain from his early election, for there will be no doubt that his National Party — in power since 1948 — will win. It is too early to say whether the tidal wave of 1977 — the "NATS" won 64 per cent of the vote, giving them 134 seats out of 164 — will be repeated. But it is difficult to see how the opposition can endanger the preThe liberals seem rather depressed, in fact. The electorate — coloreds (mixed race) and Asians do not have a vote — bave no illusions about Botha's intentions to free himself once and for all of his rightwing critics. Ironically, it is the English language press, which openly supports the opposition Progressive Federal Party, that is partly responsible for this state of affairs, as it bas never lost an opportunity to stress differences between Botha's Verligtes and Verkramptes (conservatives).

The State South African Broadcasting Corporation (SABC) and certain daily newspapers such as the Johannesburg-based Beeld have also bammered away at these differences over the past few months.

Recent public opinion polls showed that 60 per cent of the voters more or less fully supported Botha's political reform plans and it is difficult to see how the Progressive Federal Party can organize a win against him. But Botha faces another danger. Certain observers do not exclude a strong challenge from tbe Herstigte Nationale Party (HNP) led by Jaap Marais, which is politically on the right of the "NATS". But the HNP at present has no parliamentary seats,

Portillo bids farewell to India

NEW DELHI, Jan. 30 (AP) — President Jose Lopez Portillo of Mexico was given a ceremonial farewell Friday as he departed for bome at the end of a six-day state visit to India. A 21-gun salute boomed as Portillo boarded bis presidential jetliner after inspecting an honor guard. Indian President Sanjiva Reddy, Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and other government leaders were at Delhi airport to bid the Mexican leader farewell.

In a brief speech, Portillo said his visit had "strengthened" relations between the two countries. A joint communique issued Thursday said India and Mexico supported Marcos to stand for elections in new setup

MANILA, Jan. 30 (Agencies) — The first Philippine, presidential election in 12 years is likely to be held in May or June this year nnder a proposal to be put forward by the majority New Society Party (KBL) in the interim national assembly. A KBL caucus at the presidential palace Thursday agreed on a modified parliamentary system, which bas been compared to the French model, giving the president more powers than the prime minister, assembly spokesman Jose Tombokon said.

Under the KBL proposal the president will be elected for a six-year term and will appoint a prime minister from among the regional representatives in the national assembly.

Elections for a regular assembly are scheduled in 1984. The KBL threw out an earlier proposal for the election of a "transitory" president to exercise both presidential and prime ministerial functions until a regular national assembly is convened, which was rejected by the opposition.

Marcos later announced his decision to run for re-election under the revised parliamentary system. There was no immediate indication Thursday whether he would be opposed in the presidential vote.

Marcos told the meeting of more than 160 KBL members that they must inform their countrymen of the issues before them "even if f will be the only candidate."

Tombokon said the interim assembly, which is now considering amendments to the constitution, will give top priority to: the KBL proposal and it would be submitted for public approval in a plebiscite, possibly by April. Presidential elections were expected to follow soon afterwards.

The caucus appointed a seven-man committee under Justice Minister Richard Puno to draft the proposal, and minister of State for Foreign Relations Emmanuel Pelaez said most KBL members favored giving President Ferdinand Marcos authority to spell out the new powers of the president. Marcos, who was elected for his second presidential term in 1969, declared martial law in 1972, a year before the election was due. He lifted martial law Jan. 17.

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integrity and nonaligned states" of Afghanistan, where some 85,000 Soviet troops have been stationed for more than one year. They also expressed opposition to "the instigation of violence from outside with a view to achieving influence or predominance."

An Indo-Mexican economic cooperation agreements is likely to be signed this year and protocol accords on science, food technology and agricultural research also were announced. Portillo was guest of bonor at India's annual Republic Day celebrations and was awarded an bonorary law degree by Delhi University, one of india's premier edu-

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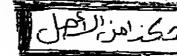
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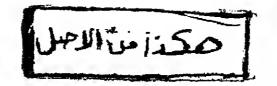
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PAGE 8







Mabnews International

LONDON, Jan. 30 (AP) - Lord Simon of Glaisdale, one of Britain's top lawyers

and a graduate of Cambridge, has urged the

unthinkable. He wants to simplify the Engl-

ish language and adopt American spelling

- anathema to the scholars who consider

English the last great cultural legacy of an

Apparently taking to heart Winston

Churchill's dictum that the Americans and

the British are two peoples separated hy a

common language, Simon proclaimed in the

House of Lords Wednesday; "English is a

superh language, hut it presents one great

One easy reform, the Conservative peer

said, would be to Americanize the lan-

guage. Purists believe it has already been

dangerously infected by U.S.-inspired

newspeak, gobhledygook and ghetto street

Britons, the peer said, should spell 'hon-

difficulty - the discrepancy between spel-

ling and pronunciation.

empire on which the sun never set.

DAY, JANUARY 31, 1981

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u-Ecuador clashes **Council calls** ks by ministers

Jan. 30 (Agencies) - The Organby American States (OAS) has called an ministers' meeting for Monday to border incidents between Peru and ir, after both countries claimed milit-Pression by the other.

OAS Council convened the ancy meeting at Ecuador's request 10 to one vote with only Peru opposing tion. El Salvador and Guatemala abs-

the vote, the OAS Council warned ern and Ecuador against any action uld further aggravate the situation. while the Argentinian government.

it the United States, Brazil, Argenona b treaty that ended a brief but better tween the two Latin A merican neighwere holding consultations at the "t of Peru.

's foreign minister said Peruvian were wiping out one of three military Ten claims Ecuador established on Peru-. Ecuador claimed the disputed area im and invited Peru to negotiate a set-'t to their latest border squabble.

ign Minister Javier Arias Stella said may that the Ecuadorean military out-A Paquisha was being "wiped off the by Peruvian troops. He gave no details fighting, but the Peruvian Foreign ry said earlier that both sides had suf-

mspecified casualties. vian troops were "dislodging infiltra-Avoduced on Peruvian territory," Presiernando Belaunde Terry told reporters neeting with his military commanders. incted because it would not permit " any-) unduly penetrate our territory," he

he Ecuadorean capital of Quito, minisgovernment Feraud Blum said bad er in the remote mountainous border had prevented any fresh outhreak of ig Thursday."The military situation on order with Peru is statiooery... and the st of Paquisha remains in Ecuadorean **Berlin protesters**

n aggressive;8 held IRLIN, Jan. 30 (AP) - Some 250 ndia g people took to the streets of West Berrly Friday, throwing stones and shattervindows, to protest a 14-month prison

nce given to a student for participating violeot street demonstrationin mber, police reported. lice said eight persons were arrested windows in several banks and stores broken and in one case a store was hands," Ecuadorean government spokesmar Orlando Alcivar said.

Ecuador accused Peru of trespassing on Ecuadorean territory and Peru said it was fighting to drive Ecuadorean forces from Peruvian soil.

It was the first major outbreak since 1978 between the two neighbors in northwestern south America, who have been feuding for years and fought a war in 1942 over access for Ecuador to the Amazon River, the only interior shipping channel to the east coast of south America.

"Ecuador is looking for a solution to its problem with Peru through the application of peaceful procedures provided by international law," said an Ecuadorean Foreign Ministry communique inviting the Peruvians to the bargaining table.

our without the "U" and drop the second L" in words like will and full. Englishmen

slang

Central Press Plants

NUCLEAR SHELTERS: Domestic nuclear shelters are onw being marketed in the West to provide protection against the effects of nuclear explosions. Ficture shows the interior of a do-it-yourself type of shelter with an air intake pump and supplies of food reckoned to be sufficient for one adult for two weeks. These include canned foodstuffs.

Sinking of Java ship Survivors tell tale of woe JAKARTA, Jan. 30(AP) - Two children, father's action."

frightened, pale and tearful, were among passengers of the Tampomas II who stepped from a rescue ship to safety at the harbor of Ujung Paodang in South Sulawesi.

Their eyes scanned the crowds of people jamming the old harbor. They could not find their parents, who were among the 374 peoThe girl said she remembers her father say-

ing, "the ship will never make it." By Monday, she said, the family along with many other passengers jumped overboard to save themselves from the raging fire.

'The waves were very high. We saw our

Briton wants English Americanized should not wince at spelling honor without the "U" because no less a giant of the language us Benjamin Disraeli had used this

> "Literally hundreds of thousands of pounds' would be saved, he stressed, if the English no longer used capital and small letters - apparently ignoring that American poet E.E. Cummings first hit on this idea several decades ago.

These sweeping changes in the language of Shakespeare, Oscar Wilde and Churchill, Simon insisted, would result in a 25 per cent economy for typists and printers.

He urged reform of the alphabet, where he said no less than 17 of the capitals and small letters bore no resemblance to each other. Irregular verbs should be made regular and the country should return to the 18th-century practice of saying "I was," 'we was' and "they was."

Simon's proposals sent shudders through the house, where the nation's peers often spend as much time debating in the pristine tones of Oxford English such esoterie trivia

as the state of salmon spawning in Scotland as the state of the economy.

Lord Airedale of the opposition Labor Party demurred at any Americanization of the language. The Americans may economize a little in their spelling, hut they "undid this good work" by preferring longer words to the shorter, he warned.

"An Englishman leaves his flat by the lift and gets into his car to go and see a film." Airedale intoned by way of example. "An American leaves his apartment by the clevator and gets into his automobile to go and see a motioo picture."

Lord Kings Norton, a bitter critic of trans-Atlantic infiltration of the language. proclaimed that "Anglo-Saxon has been oeglected since 1066" when William the Conqueror became the last successful invader of this sceptered isle.

The battle of Hastings and the iotroduction of flowery French, the peer lamented, "dealt a hlow to hrevity from which the English language has never recovered."

Italian editor honored

PARIS, Jan. 30 (AP) - Jose Javier Uranga, editor-in-chief of the Spanish newspaper Dairio de Navarra, has been awarded the 1981 Golden Pen of freedom by the International Federation of Newspaper Publishers (FIEJ), the federation has announced-

PAGE 9 Nicaraguan embassy hit in bomb attack SAN SALVADOR, Jan. 30 (AP

Unidentified gummen have attacked the Nicaraguan embassy here and a bomh apparently intended for the embassy exploded in the street, causing heavy damage to the froot of the building, said a witness on the scene.

The bomb explosion Thursday left a hole four and a half feet deep in the street, knocked down a wall in front of the emhassy and damaged a waiting room in the building, the wimess said. Trees on the street were set ablaze by the blast and houses on both sides of the embassy were damaged, the witness said.

Several persons in a house across the street were reported injured by the blast, which set fire to the house. Firemen put out the blaze about an hour after the explosion. Red Cross ambulances carried away the injured, but there was no immediate word on how many people were hurt or their conditioo.

Several embassy gnards, who exchanged shots with the attackers before the bomb exploded, were also reported injured. There was no word of what happened to the attackers

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father and mother popping up once in a while in the waves. We called and screamed at the. top of our voice and then we saw them no more' she said.

Soviet stance tough, says U.K. premier

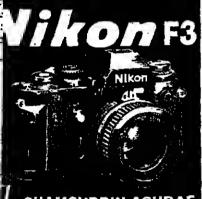
LONDON, Jan. 30 (Agencies) - British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher Thursday night declared she detected no sign of Soviel interest in genuine detente. She declared the new U.S. administration "uoderstood the challenge" and urged the Western allies to follow its lead.

Mrs. Thatcher, duhbed the Iron Lady for her frequent warnings of a Soviet military threat to the West, said the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) must remain purposeful and resolute. "Of course we remain ready to respond to evidence of a real Soviet interest in genuine detente. At present see none," she said in a speech to an Anglo-American friendship organization, the Pilgrims Society.

"Meanwhile we must maintain our strength. President Reagan and his administration have understood the challenge and the need for leadership. "They are responding. We in Europe must also show that we understand the challenge and the need to oeed it."

Mrs. Thatcher is due to visit Washingtoo next month to become the first Europeao leader to meet President Reagan since he assumed office. She and the new president are believed to share similar tough views on countering Soviet policies.

The British leader has increased defense spending despite a shrinking economy while her ministers have constantly spoke of growing Soviet military might. Mrs. Thatcher called for close coordination betweeo Western Europe and the U.S. on foreign policy followthe alliance's Soviet iotervention' in Afghaoistao. Arrangement must be kept in perfect working order, she said. "They did not work well when Afghanistan was invaded, and we must heed that lesson especially at a time when we are continuing to watch events in and around Poland with anxiety," she said. Meanwhile, Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky called on the superpowers Thursday to refrain from a policy of strength and warned that "the war of tomorrow will be the end of all things." Things look differently from Houston than they do from Vienna or Bona, Kreisky said in reference to United States' political views and reminded the Soviet Union that the process of detente could only be won when it was not interrupted by ' a "strong hand."



SHAMSUDDIN ASHRAF

ple listed as dead or missing in ladonesia's worst mar itime disaster, the sinking of a passenger ship that caught fire in the Java Sea recently.

The ill-fated ship, the Tampomas II, was carrying a total of 1,136 people from Indonesia's capital city of Jakarta, in northwest Java, to the south Sulawesi town of Ujung Pandang when the ship caught fire Sunday and finally sank in the Java Sea Tuesday, authorities said.

The girl Juanita Kristiani Armesetiawati, 9, and her brother, Mewotan Wotutaringge, 6, said they would never forget the tragedy. "That (Sunday) night, during the fire, I was awakened by a lot of noise. We were all disturbed hy the confusion," the girl said. She said her father, a plantadon worker, hegan to put a life-vest on, "and we followed our

Both the girl and her hrother were floating, unconscious, when picked up by a rescue ship. So far a total of 762 people have been rescued.

Leo Tocalu, a crew member of the Tam -. pomas II, told reporters in a stuttering voice: All I know is that the fire started in the hottom if the ship and all the passengers were told to go up. Only God knows how terrible it was."

Andi Mursalim, a south Sulawesi native who lives in Jakarta, got on the boat with his wife and mother to see his hometown in Ujung Pandang." When the fire became very hig, I knew we did not stand a chance. So my wife, my mother and I jumped into the waters," he said.



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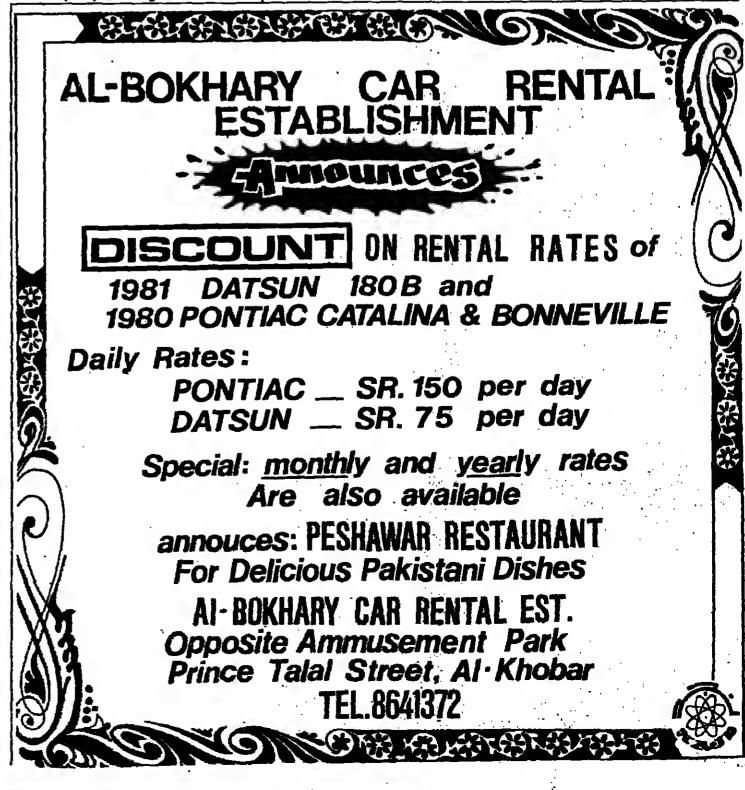
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Reagan lifts controls on petroleum prices

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (AP) - President Ronald Reagan has lifted the remaining price and allocation controls on petroleum, a step sure to lead to higher gasoline and beating oil prices.

Reagan said the controls had hampered U.S. oil production, artificially led to increased energy consumption, aggravated the oation's balance of payments problem and stifled technological breakthroughs. "Price controls hava also mada us more energy-dependent on the OPEC nations - a development that bas jeopardized our economic security and undermined price stability at home," Reagan said in a statement.

"Fears that the planned phase-out of controls would not be carried out for political reasons bave also hampered production." Reagan said. "Ending these controls now will erase this, uncertainty."

Angry consumer groups charge that gasoline and beating oil prices could rise by eight to 12 cents per gallon over the oext few weeks as a result of the decision, but administration officials said tha increase would be more like three to five cents over the oext two months.

The order, effective immediately, decontrols crude oil, gasoline and propane - the only petroleum products still under price controls. Reagan said the elimination of controls 'will also stimulate energy conservation."

"Ending price controls is a positive first step toward a balanced energy program - a program free of arbitrary and counterproductive constraints - one designed to promote prudent conservation had vigorous domestic production," he added.

In another major policy decision, Reagan said Thursday be is eliminating former President Jimmy Carter's voluntary wage and price guidelines and imposing a 60-day freeze oo the enactment pending of federal regulations.

Opening his first press conference since taking office on Jan. 20, Reagan said in a statement be was eliminating the staff at the council oo wage and price stability, which was responsible for overseeing the anti-inflation guidelines.

The president said ba would ask Congress to rescind the council's budget, which would effectively abolish it and save taxpayers \$1.5 million a year. "This council has been a failure," Reagan said.

Raagan also said in answer to questions. that his administration would propose spending cuts which would 'probably be bigger than anyone has ever attempted.' Asked where the reductions would be made, the president replied: "Thay will be made at every place." Meanwhile, aoargy Secretary James

Panaghia Lourion

Primavera (D.B.)

Pacific Importer(D.B.)

Diamond Peace (D.B.)

Kashii Maru

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32. 33. 34. 36. 37. 38.

Edwards told a White House briefing that the oil price increases will lead to a cut in use estimated at 50,000 to 100,000 barrels a day. He said he had oo estimate of bow much oil output might climb with the additional incentive provided by decontrol.

Consumer groups attacked the decision even before it was announced, charging Reagan's action awarded oil companies an "unacceptable windfall." Senator Howard Metzenbaum, Democrat-Ohio, and Representative Toby Moffett, Democrat-Connecticut pledged to try to block Reagan's action. Metzenbaom charged decontrol could lead to gasoline prices of \$2 a gallon by the end of the year and give the oil companies a \$170 billioo windfall

Most analysts said the economic impact would not be anywhere near that great. Private and congressional experts said immediate decontrol probably would mean consumers would pay and extra \$10 billion for oil products over the next eight months. Of that amount, the government would recoup \$7 billion through the "wind fall profits" and other taxes, oil companies would get \$2 billion and state and local governments would realize \$1 billion in added revenues, they

Administration officials estimated the higher prices brought about by immediate decontrol would decrease U.S. oil consumption by 100,000 barrels a day. This would reduce U.S. dependence on foreign oil, they said, and perhaps ward off further OPEC price increases by cutting demand.

The estimate of the impact on the consumers varied widely because of different assumptions oo just how much OPEC will raise prices in the next few months --increases that domestic producers will now be allowed to catch fully.

Within bours of Reagan's announcement Wednesday, five U.S. oil companies announced they were increasing petrol prices immediately by between one and three cents. It now costs between \$1.20 and 1.35 a gallon.

Oil industry experts said the president's decisioo would mean a further fall in U.S. demand for crude oil and oil prodocts. Oil imports dropped last year year by 20 per cent compared with 1979.

In Congress, senate Energy Committee chairman James McClure warned oil companies oot to take advantage of the situation, saying that the controls could be reimposed.

The committee's senior Democrat, Senator Henry Jackson, said the decontrol decision removed the incentive of domestie producers to fight OPEC and placed all U.S. oil supplies at OPEC's "pricing whim."

. 1 15

Inflation rises by 13.8% in **EEC** nations

anahneus Economy

LUXEMBOURG, Jan. 30(R) - Inflation in the European Common Market jumped to 13.8 per cent last year from 9.9 per cent in 1979, the EEC statistics bureau has said.

The biggest increase in consumer prices among the then nine member states was in Italy, which had a 21.2 per cent rise, the bureau said Wednesday. But in Greece, which became the tenth EEC member this month. prices rose even more - by 24.7 per cent.

West Germany had the lowest rate of inflation in the community. Its prices rose by 5.5 per cent, compared to 4.1 per cent in 1979. The Benelux countries - Luxembourg, the Netherlands and Belgium - also had comparatively low inflatioo rates. France, where prices rose by 13.6 per cent, and Britain, with an 18 per cent increase, were among those worst hit by inflation.

The burean did not comment on the statistics, but EEC officials bave pointed to the rising cost of imported energy as a primary cause of inflation. They have urged member states to curb their oil consumption and seek alternative sources of energy.

Japanese firm to open car factory in Britain

LONDON, Jan. 30 (AFP) - The British government bas anthonized the Japanese auto firm Nissan to open a passenger car factory in Britain with production beginning in 1985 and reaching 200,000 cars a year in 1986, it was announced here and in Tokyo.

Nissan, maker of Datson cars, reportedly is to get financial help from Britain and is expected eventually to become Britain's third largest automotive manufacturer after British Leyland and Ford of Britain.

Nissan decisioo to build a factory in Britain was "warmly welcomed" by the government, Norman Tebbit, minister of state for industry, told the House of Commons Thursday. (In Japan, the Jiji Press, quoting Nissan President Takashi Ishihara, reported that the Nissan plant will be built with financial help from the British government. Britain would designate the plan't location).

Nissan, Japan's second largest car manufacturer after Toyota, said that the company reached the decision after Britain asked it to build cars within the country to help reduce ucemployment in the industry.

Some of the unemployment has been attributed to Japanese imports, and automotive sources have mentioned economically-ailing

Substantial gap remains

Wales as the site for the plant. Informed sources said that the brand new factory would build a family car as it first product. Observers here expected a flurry of protests not only in Britain but in other European Economic Community member nations. The decisioo comes only days after the government granted massive oew credit lines to the car firm British Leyland and the closing of a BL factory in Belgium with a loss of 2,000 jobs.

Reaching to the Nissan mova, a BL spokesman said the British nationalized firm had no objectioo to investments like Nissan to the extent they created jobs. But he said the company still opposed imports of Japanese cars, maintaining that the Japanese market is closed to foreign importers.

(The announcement in Tokyo said the construction of the plant would begin after sev-eral months of feasibility study."The project calls for investment of over 100,000 million yen (\$490 million). We plan to produce 1,600 CC-class front-engine, front-drive cars there which will be sold primarily in Britain, but exported eventually when production goes into full swing," Nissan President Ishihara was quoted by the Rif Press as saying.)

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1981

Turkish loan extended to 10-year term

ANKARA, Jan. 30 (R) - Western banks inform Turkey they will extend from seven to 10 years the repayment term of more than \$3.2 billion in loans which Ankara asked them to reschedula, banking sources said Thursday

They said the 16 major banks, which metin London earlier this week, Thursday teleted Turkish chief economic planner, Deputy, Prime Minister Turgut Ozal, to say they would also extend the grace period from three to five years, repayment will now start in 1984.

But the banks, from the United States and Western Europe, declined another proposal put to them by Ozal at a meeting London Jan. 13 that the interest should be cut from 1.75 per cent abova London interbank offered rate to 1.5 per cent. The banks said the new terms would come into effect after they were agreed by 240 smaller banks also involved in the loans, the sources said.

The bulk of \$3.2 hillion has been rescheduled once, in 1979. But Ozal sought a further renegotiation to gain time for a radical economic reform program introduced last February by the civilian government which was ousted in a military coup in September.

BRIEFS

WASHINGTON, (R) - The Reagan

administration will sopport Chrysler Corpo-

Japan restricts car exports to EEC

TOKYO, Jan. 30 (AP) - Japan has announced it would "prudently" export cars to West Germany, Luxembourg, Belgium and the Netherlands in a package of measures aimed at improving its trading relationship with the European Community.

The concessions capping two days of highlevel talks here, were termed insufficient, bot "a step in the right direction" by Europe's chief trade representative to the talks, Sir Roy Denman.

Denman at a hastily-arranged press conference said Thursday there "still remains a fairly substantial gap" in official thinking in Brussels, which, in a declaration of policy issued last Nov. 25, declared Japan must further liberalize its markets.

The concessions announced Thursday by Japan's chief trade oegotiator, Deputy Foreign Minister Kiyoaki Kikuchi, were: --Pledges to moderate" auto exports to West Germany and the three Benelux countries . - Curtailment of exports of color television sets to West Germany. - Access for European firms to Japanese government purchases in the 3.3 billion-dollar-a-year market'

BONN, Jan. 30 (AP) - The West German

government has predicted that the nation's

gross national product might decline as much

parliament Wednesday contrasted with real

growth rates of 1.8 per cent and 4.4 per cent registered by the West German economy in

The gloomy forecast, made in a report to

as one per cent during 1981.

in telecommunications equipment. - "Sub-stantial" tariff cuts on tobacco and the dispatch of import missions to Europe to promote the import of European goods to Japan.

the 'need to maintain an open trading system,' said, however, that Japan regretted that some members of the 10-natioo community "maintained discriminatory trade measures against Japan" in certain fields. He did not elaborate.

Bot, he pledged to "avoid excessive concentration of certain exports" to certain regions in line with "sincere efforts" made by Japan to solve the long-simmeting trade dispute.

Denman, noting that 'some progress' had been made, said he would report back to the EEC in Brussels next week, and on Feb. 17 report to the council of ministers, Europe's official policy-making body.

"J agrea it is only honest among friends to point to gaps where gaps exist," said Denman, adding that he was "grateful for what has been done."

set in during the second guarter of last year. In its report, economics ministry experts

gave a range of zero growth to a one per cent

decline in the GNP. Bot the ministry's chief

economist, State Secretary Otto Schlecht,

told reporters the government tended toward

the more pessimistic projection.

Denman, who leaves Saturday for home. originally was scheduled to bold a press conference by himself at the EEC delegation's headquarters in Tokyo. This was canceled at the last minuta, official sources said, because Denman had not received adequate commitments from the Japanese.

In preliminary talks on Wednesday the EEC delegation - one of the largest Euro-pean trada missioo ever to visit Japan pointed out that Japanese exports to EEC countries last year leaped 30 per cent while. EEC exports to Japan rose a slight 3 per cent.

Coupled with 7.9 million persons upemployed, about 9 per cent of the total workforce, the Europeans asked that steps be taken before the trade issue develops to such proportions that it would affect the political relationship."

Denman, dismissed the notion he came to Japan to negotiate hard-and-fast agreements and said the main purpose of his visit was to sound out Tokyo on the council of ministers statement, which concluded protectionist sentiment in Europe would increase unless "certain adjustments" are made in the bilateral trading relationship.

ratioo unless the third-ranked U.S. car maker seems unable to survive, transportation secretary Drew Lewis has said. Lewis told a news conference Thursday: " If we can see Chrysler surviving, we are going to be supportive. If we cannot, we will have to look to other solutions." BERLIN, (AFP) - The lack of energy products will slow ecocomic growth in East Germany in the future, the Economic

research institute Diw in West Berlin has said. Diw said the country could count on growth of less than four per cent, despite the low share of oil (about 21 per cent) in the country's energy consumption and relatively inexpensive deliveries from the Soviet Union.

PARIS, (AFP) - A new Franco-Brazilian financial accord was concluded in Paris, during the visit of Brazilian President Joao Figueiredo. The amount was not specified, but the credits were said to include. both government and bank loans.

TOKYO (AP) - Japan will extend free aid totaling up to 300 million yen, equivalent to \$1.5 millioo to Sri Lanka for the detail design of a general hospital construction project, the foreign ministry said Thursday.

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Berth	Name of Vessel	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arrival Date
	Co-Man	M.T.A.	Reafer	28.1.81
4	Serifos Maria Zakelina	Algosalbi	Durra	28.1.81
5.		Alpha	Bagged Sugar	23.1.81
8.	Father Panos	O.C.E.	Reefer	26.1.81
9.	Marko Polo		Bagged Barley	25.1.81
10.	Cape Ortegai	Bamaodah	Gen/Timber/Rebar	28.1.81
13.	Goiden Nigeria	El Hawi M.T.A.	Containars	28.1.81
16.	Anemos		Bulk Cement	22.1.81
18.	Ionian Carrier	Rolaco		28,1,81
20.	Union Kingston	O.C.E.	Steel/Plywood/F'stuff	27.1.81
22.	Didymi	Barber	Timber	23.1.81
23.	World Strength	Alatas	Steel/Canned GOODS/ Sorghum	• •
24.	Atlantic Freezar	O.C.E.	Reafer	25.1.81
25.	Saudi Crown	O.Trada	Sugar/Const.Mat/ General	28.1.81
26.	dromon	S.M.A.	Rebar/Tiles/Timber/Gen.	26.1.81
27.	Azia 1	Star	Durra	23.1.81
28.	Faro Cadiz	O.C.E.	Oranges/Lemon	27.1.81
29.	Grecian Temple	S.C.S.A.	Bagged Barley	28.1.81
RECEN	T ARRIVALS:			
	Grecian Tampia	S.C.S.A.	Bagged Barley	28,1.81
	Serifos	M.T.A.	Reefer	28.1.81
	Maria Zakelina	Algosalbi	Durra .	28.1.81
	Saudi Crown	O.Trade	Steel/Cannad goods/sorghum	28,1,81
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3.	May Stag	Gosaibi	Bagged Cement	16.1.81
6.	Meghna	Orri	General -	27.1.81
8.	Konin	Gulf	Genaral	28,1.81
11.	Samos Prograss	Gosaibi	Bagged Sugar	27.1.81
17.	Cristobal Maru	AET	Gen/Steel Goods	28.1.81
18.	City of Canterbury	Kanoo	Ganeral	28.1.81
20.	Ioannis Martinos	Kanoo	Const/Rice	12.12.80
28.	Nedlloyd Barcelona	Капоо	General	29:1.81
29.	Estella Maersk	Kanoo	Gen/Conts	29,1.81

Kanoo

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SMC

Golbe

AET

Gulf

General

Staal/Pipe

Buik Cement

Bulk Cement

Bulk Cement

Gen/Bagged Sugar

General

1980 and in 1979. This year's forecast clearly reflected the

downturn in the West German economy that

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Schlecht explained the prediction of zero growth was based on the assumption that the economy would start rebounding now instead of toward the end of 1981, as is more probable.

In fact, Schlecht said, it can be expected that the GNP will continue the decline that already marked the fourth 1980 quarter for several months, then stagnate a few months before turning upward again.

The government's annual report also made these projections for the nation's economy: - Inflation, as measured by the year-on-year rise in the cost of living index, would increase an average of 4.5 per cent or slightly more after a comparable 1980 average of 5.5 per cent

- The West German jobless rate will average 5 per cent in 1980 with the number of unemployed persons averaging about 1.2 million. In 1980, the jobless rate averaged 3.8 per cent with an average of 900,000 unemploved

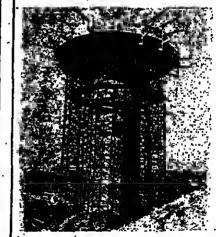
Saudi Arabian **Government Tenders**

Bonn fears one percent fall in GNP

Antherity	Description	No. of Tender		Closing Date
Department of Educa-	Construction of Al-Sadid and .	17	. 200	Feb. 16
4	Construction of Res Al-Kharitah and Bir Fahiman schools with fences	18	200	Feb. 21
	Construction of Ant schools with fences	19	100	Feb. 23
Department of Education, Nejran	Construction of Imam Malek school, model (B), with concrete ceiling	-	500	Feb. 28
Directorate General of Municipal and Rural Affairs, Western Province.	Temporary asphalting in a rural complex in Quafuzah	14	300	Feb. 16

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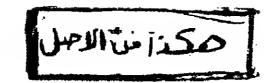
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IBN AL ATHEER	29-1-81	DAMMAM
COLUMBIA	28-1-81	JEDDAH
IBN AL ASAKIR	30-1-81	JEDDAH
ARAFAT	2-2-81	JEDDAH
IBN ABDOUN	3-2-81	JEDDAH

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anabnews Sports

SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 19

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Leicester, Enfield bow out low nets all three for Exeter

LONDON, Jan. 30 (AFP) -- "Cioderella" aluh Enfield went out of the English FA Cup t sut were immediately replaced by another -Excter City, a Third Division side who sensati onally knocked out First Division Leicester City by three goals to one in a fourth-round re play at Exeter.

Non-league Enfield were beaten by Secor id Division Barnsley but the score did not do justice as they had two goals disallowed, hit the woodwork three times and gave their Yowkshire team's defense many more hairraising moments, Wednesday night,

Elarnsley, chasing hard for promotion, gave the north London team a lesson in finishing, how rever, with Trevor Aylott (2) and Ronnie Gla vin doing the damage. Barnsley are away to another Yorkshire Cluh, First Divisioo Mid dlesbrough, in the eighth finals. Consolation for Enfield was a £25,000 cheque, no less than 35,244 spectators crowing neighboring Totte inham Hotspurs' ground to cheer nn their gallant dub.

The hero of Exeter's win over Leicester

was striker Tony Kellow who got all three goals, one from the penalty spot, against the team who are propping up the First Division. Jim Melrose scored Leicester's only goal.

The match was played at St. James's Park, Exeter, and, hy coincidence, the Devoo Club will also play their next match at St. James' Park, this time Newcastle United's ground in

the north-east of England. In the other fourth-round replay, Second

		ults ————	
Ragin	h F.A	. Cap 4th round	
Bristol City	5	Carlisle	0 3
Enfield	0	Barnsley	3
	Divi	sion. One	
Sunderland	2	Manchester United	0
	Divi	ice Four .	
Bradford	1	Peterborough	1
Scottle	4 F.A	. Cop 3rd round	
Ciyde		Partick	4
Clydebank	5	East Fife	3
Cowdenbeath	- 4	Arbroath	4 3 0 2
Dunfermline		Hubernian	2
Motherswell		Stenhousemir	1
Hearts	1	Morton	3

Division Bristol City thrashed Third Divi-sion Carlisle United 50 in Bristol, to qualify for what will surely be the toughest match of the next round, away to Nottingham Forest, holders of the European Champions Cup the last two years and determioed to win the FA Cup for Brian Clough for the first time.

The Nottingham Forest V Bristol City fifth-round clash gives Boh Houghton and his Swedish goalkeeper, Jan Moller, a chance of revenge, for both were with Swedish Club Malmo wheo they lost the European Champions Cup final 1-0 to Brian Clough's team two years ago in Munich.

After a drab first half, Bristol City swamped Carlisle in the second, with Kevin Mahhutt and Tom Ritchie getting two goals each and substitute Mimmy Mann notching the fifth. It was prohably Ritchie's last game for City, for he is expected to join Sunderland Thursday in a £200,000 transfer "I'm not exactly jumping for joy at the prospect of losing Ritchie but the club needs the money," said a sad Houghton.

Greece strengthens qualifying hopes

SAL ONICA, Greece, Jan. 30 (AP) -Greeces beat Luxembourg 2-0 in a European group Five World Cup qualifying soccer match. The win hrings Greece level on points with Y ugoslavia with four points from three games. Italy retains its lead with eight points from fc sur games. The scorers were Kousis in the eighth minute and Kostikos in the 38th minute.

The other teams in the Group stand at Denmark two points from four games and Luxem bourg no points fram four games. A cre wed of 14,000 at the Harilaou Stadium

here wantched in biting cold as the teams skidded round a pitch which Greek trainer Alketas: Panagoulias called "a skating rink."

Despite the Greek victory, the team seemed unable in the second half of the match t o take advantage of the opportunities they had. Their greatest error, according to observers, was playing the hall high.

Four substitutions took place during the game, two on each side. In the first half the Luxembourg number two, Dax was called off the pitch in the 32od minute and replaced by Bossi, and in the 50th minute Reiter was injured and Hnscheid came on in his place.

At the beginning of the second half Greek coach substituted Delikaris for Kousoulakis, and in the 71st minute Haralambides came on to replace Anastopoulos.

Immediately after the game the Greek coach said that his team could not be completely justified for failing to score more goals, adding that the knowledge that they needed to score "became a source of anxiety in them," breaking the rythm of their play.

In a match with a large oumber of fouls against both sides, three Luxembourg players were shown a yellow card by the referee Doundin of Bulgaria: Philipp, Di Domepico and Zuang.

Meanwhile, holders Gor Mahia of Kenya won through to the final of the Eighth East and Central Africa Soccer Clubs' Champinnship when they heat Zambia's Kabwe Warriors 2-1 after extra-time in the second semifinal Thursday night.

Gor Mahia led 1-0 at half time and after 90 minutes the score was level at 1-1. Scorers: Gor Mahia - Nahashon Olouch (43rd minute), Bob Ogolla (extra-time). Warriors — Moses Banda (81st minute). Gor Mahia's opponents in the final will be Simba Sports Club of Tanzania.

In Bonn, Bayer Uerdingen beat Borussia Dortmund 2-1 in a West German First Dvision match.

While in Nagoya, Poland beat Japan 4-1 they led 3-1 at halftime. It was the Poles' third victory on their current visit. The fourth and final match will be played on Sunday.

Hadlee bowls New Zealand to victory

S'YDINEY, Jan. 30 (AP) - Controversial Kiw i fast bowler Richard Hadlee who could ont comb his hair 24 hnurs beforehand hundled out Australia for 155 in the World Series Cup Cricket match at the Sydney Cricket Ground Thursday night.

Ha dlee has been carrying an injury to his right shoulder and he struggled through a fitnes: i test Thursday morning before the game. He took five for 26 from 8.3 overs includ ing four maidens as Australia floundered and collapsed for 155 chasing New Zealan d's 233 for six.

New Zeland are nnw one-cup in the first of five Cu, p finals. The Cup will go to the side taking t hree wins in-five games.

Sitting i in the dressing room after the game

"Cairns had freshened up the wicket and I was ahle to work up rhythm I was due for a few hreaks anyway.

"Not one of our best", said a restrained Australian captian Greg Chappel after the game. "Our fielding left a lot to he desired, New Zealand got the hreaks and made the most of them and we would have to play.,' pretty well to get 233".

Chappell said Australia needed a good start. "You can't do that in any game - one-day or otherwise - wheo you lose four fnr 28''.

Australia won the toss, sent New Zealand in, and openers John Wright and Vruce Edgar set the Kiwis on the road to victory with a sound stand of 45.

wright tod-scored for New zealand with a

patient 81 made in 167 minutes with only

three boundaries coming his way because of

the slow outfield. Skipper Geoff Howarth



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with an i ce pack oo his i nt shoulder Mac said: "If the game had been on last night I would oc *t have been playing.

The Australian destroyer said that New heen a better all round side

unbeaten century

MELBOURNE, Jan. 30(AP) - Victorian

Jeff Moss, fighting to impress the Australian

selectors, scored an unheaten century against

India. oo the first day nf the-four day match

at Kardinia Park io Geelong north-west of

declared his first innings closed at 267 fnr 7 wickets, leaving India 22 minutes to hat

hefore the close in which they scored 16 for

Moss defied the Indian attack for 287

Robinson elected to hat oo a pitch with more than a little moisture in it and must have

rued the decisioo when, with the score at 34.

Gary Watts fell victim tn Roger Binny for 16.

deepened when Graham Yallop was dismissed

for a duck in the same over. That hrought

Moss in to join Julien Wiener and the pair took the score to 73 before Wiener was

caught by Bharath Reddy off the bowling of

By Munir Muhammad Ali

time passing quickly Hilal was reminded of

the draw in their previous match in the

league. however, in 16th mioute Sultan ibn

Nassih gave them the lead from a pass by.

Teo minutes later, Hilal's defense lapsed

while back-passing the ball to goalie Ibrahim

Al-Yusuf. Jahalein's Dirao Al-Diran

snatched the ball and netted it easily. Before the end of the first half, Hilal boosted its lead

The Victorian captain's despair quickly

loss of Srinivasan's wicket.

minutes for his 125.

Kirti Azad fnr 29.

point advantage.

Brazilian Dieh.

Victorian captain Richie Robinson

here Friday.

	C. D. J
New Zeoland:	Pascoe 10-0-48-2; O. Chappell 10-0-43-1.
J. Wright b G. Chappell A. Edgar e Walter b Lillee G. Howarth e Elorder b Walter J. Coury e and b Pascoe M. Burgets flow Lillee R. Hadlee not o at L. Cairns e Walter b Pascoe A. McKeehnie n otout Extra	Australia: 64 G. Wood e Burgers b Hadlee 21 M. Krat e Howart b Hadlee 47 R. Marsh e Concey b Chatfield 0 G. Chappell e Wright b Chatfield 15 K. Hughes lbw Hadlee 23 A. Border e Concey b Mckcehnie 15 O. Walters b McKechnie 1 O. Lillee e Cairns b McKechnie 27 M. Walter S mith b Hadlee

233 R. Hogg c Smith b Hadle Fail of wickets: 1-45, 3-148, 3-152, 4-172, 5-198 6-231, lewilag: Hogg 10 -1-37-11 Walker 10-1-31-1; 8, Lillee 10-0-47-2; Total Jeff Moss hits

Canadian swi mers excel

WELLINGTON, Jan. 30 (AP) — Ameri-can sprint star Les Barczewski admitted he rode Italian Octavin Dazzan off the track at the New Zealand Games cycling on Friday. "I admit it. I rode him off the track, I should have been disqualifed," he said.

In a controversial best-nf-three sprint quarter-final, Barczewski downed the Italian eighth in the Moscow Olympics sprint final - two wins to one.

The American, who trains full-time for cycling at the U.S. Olympic camp, said afterwards: "the Italians are very tactical and very rough."

In the first race of the series, Dazzan tangled with the bespectacled Barczewski. Starting to wind up 200 meters from home, Dazzan went down the track and under the American. "I had him blocked but he came under me and on to the boards (off the track). I did ride him off the track."

Meanwhile, at the swimming events in Christchurch, Canada continued its winning way with three gnlds on Friday to take its gold plaque total to eight.

Alex Baumann, a 16-year-old from Sunbury, Ontario, took his personal gald total to

three with Friday's victory in the 400m freestyle from Queenslander Gary Watson and Sydney's Craig Riddington. Baumann swept fast Watson two laps from

home to win comfortably in 4:00.08. Baumann earlier won the 200 meters individual medley and the 200 backstroke.

Lisa Borsholt, from Vancouver, took the breaststrake double in 1:14.36 from American Kim Rhodenbaugh and West German Angelika Knipping. Victory Davis, 16-year-old oewcomer to

international swimming from Guelph, Ontario, also took the breaststroke double, swimming the 100m event in 1:06.10 from Swede Peter Beerggren and New Zealand's Mark Kalaugher.

Davis Thursday pounced nn Queenslander Linsay Spencer in the final lap to take the 200m event.

The Americans won their fourth gold plague when their women's 4x100m freestyle relay team won in 3:54.32 from Canada and the Australian team of Susie Baumer, Diana Watts, Lisa Forrest and Susan Miller.

Australia is being tippled as the dominant nation in the fourth Pacific Conference Games, which begins at II Park here on Saturday.

junior talent, Australia's 41 athletes have the benefit of competing in their season with the resulting fitness edge over Canada, Japan,

> Many of the country's blossoming teenage stars will get their first taste of international athletics in the two-day meet, which has as its main attractions two world record holders and two Olympic champions.

> Wells, the Olympic 100m champion and 200m silver medalist, gives Wollongong's 19-year-old Peter Gandy and 23-year-old Adelaide dental student Bruce Frayne undeniable cliams in both sprints.

> Wells is frustrated by strained vertebrae muscle and will make a firm decision on whether he competes in Saturday's 100 met-

spot in 10.38 seconds.









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with a goal hy Dich.

The Brazilian scored his team's third goal JEDDAH, Jao. 30 (SPA) — In the prein the 77th minute from a pass by Musaibeeh. The fourth came three minutes from the end final matches of the National Foothall League, Hilal defeated Jahalein 4-1 in Through Khaled Al-Ghamm. Hilal is now Riyadh Thursday. Hilal tried to score as even with Nasr in goals pending Friday's game of the latter against Riyadh. Nasr will, many goals as possible before playing the final against leaders Nasr who have a twooo doubt, try to score a number of goals that entitles it the league shield even if it loses to Hilal began briskly with the aim of an early Hilal in next week's final. goal. But haste proved their undoing and with

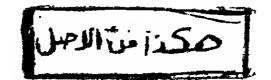
Other matches of the 17th week of the league include Ittihad's encounter with Qadisiyya aod Ahli's matches against Ittifaq. Both matches are to he played in Dammam.

Thursday, Nahda escaped a defeat from Shabah when it equalized in the dying minutes of the match. The game, played in Dammam, ended in a 1-1 tie. Shabab's goal came from a penalty by Qubantini, a Tunisian, in the 13th minute. Matar Al-Jawhar equalized for Nahda.

ers on the morning of the meet. Gandy is a rising sprint star who flashed home behind Wells in last year's Gaines in Sydney and last weekend again filled second

Hilal trounces Jabalein Spearheaded by a new crop of outstanding New Zealand and the United States.

The likely withdrawal of Scotland's Allan



DAY, JANUARY 31, 1981

ATCRD41

anabnews Sports

ics given a thrashing record sixth win in row YORK, Jan. 30 (AP) - The Boston

finally got bounced after 14 games. y weren't let down easily by the Bulls, either.

by I was disappointed is the undert of the year," said Boston coach Bill er a 108-85 rout by the Bulis Thursit that stopped a 13-game National all Association winning treak. I't use the words I would like to use

ly newspapers. It's too bad we don't other practice before the all-star use I'd probably make them work ball."

ltics, who had won 25 of their last sts, suffered their worst loss of the bile the Bulls won their sixth straight reach the 500 mark, at 27-27, right his weekend's all-star game in Rich-

er NBA actioo, it was Golden State troit 112; Cleveland 115, Phoenix w York 114, Atalanta 111; San 122, New Jersey 108; Utah 99, 97, Denver 131, Milwaukee 118; 108. San Diego 106, and Los

118, Kansas City 104. brs 117, pistons 112; Bernard King, with ree and Joe Barjy Carroll accounted points as Golden State rebounded 18-point deficit to beat Detroit.King a both wound up with 30 points while had 28 to enable the Warriors to snap me losing streak and send the flounistoos down to their 42od defeat and ints this season.

jers 115, Sons 111; Mike Mitchell

and Roger Phegley each scored 27 points and Keony Carr collected 26 points and 18 rebound to lead Cleveland over Phoenix.

Knicks 114, Hawks 111; Ray Williams scored 15 points during a 40-point New York first quarter and the Knicks went on 10 a tight victory over Atlanta, Williams finished with a team-high 24 points as the Knicks broke a three-game losing streak and posted their first victory m Atlanta since December 1977. Spurs 122, Nets 108: George Gervin scored 26 points, James Silas added 24 Mark Olberding chipped in with 21 as San Antonio defeated New Jersey. The Victory ran San Antonio's home winning streak to 12 games,

Dallas. Jazz 99. Rockets 97: Adrian Dantley scored 37 scored 37 points and teammates Ben Poquette and Riekey Green sparked a

fourth-quarter comeback to help Utah heat Houston Nuggets 131, Bucks 118: Reserves Kiki

Vandeweghe, Dave Rohisch and Billy McKinney combined for 50 points as Denver whipped Milwaukee. The victory marked the second time this season that the Nuggets have strung together three victories

Trail Blazers 108, Clippers 106: Kelvin Ransey's 10-font jump shot with one second to play lifted Portland over San Diego. Ransev, a rookie guard from Ohio State, took an nearly 10 seconds before shonting.

ond place on the all-time NBA field goal list as Los Angeles beat Kansas City.

Vetran English player Fred Davis outlasted

22-year-old Canadian Kirk Stevens m a grim four-hour match Wednesday.

The 67-year-old former world champion eventually won the match by five frames to four.

In a match riddled with errors, Davis went into a 2-nil lead only for Stevens to get back by taking the next two frames. The Englishman then produced a 61-break, to take the next frame, but his opponent hung on to level.

It was Davis's patient play in the end that proved decisive. He went four-three and might have sealed the match in the eighth hut theo Stevens got on terms and lonked to be on target for victory as the pendulum swing again.

The young contender for the £6,000 first prize moved into a 59-4 lead in the decisive frame hut theo a slip on the final red allowed thi experienced opponent back into the match

Davis seized his chance with a winning hreak of 64 — the highest of the match.

Stevens said: "I was in two minds on that last red and I was fighting with myself as I played it." Davis was sympathetic and said: "He was uolucky to lose it to the end, as I needed to get every ball down in that final frame.'

Solomon shocked

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30(AP) - Pascal Portes of France used swift, deep-driving placement to upset second-seeded Harold Solomon 3-6, 6-4, 6-2 Thursday night in the \$250,000 U.S. Pro Indoor Tennis Championship at the Spectrum.

Meanwhile, Jimmy Concors advanced to the quarter final round in defense of his title with a 6-1, 1-0 victory over left-hander Victor Amaya, who defaulted due to a back injury.

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 30 (Ageocies) -Frenchman Jean Ragnotti won the 49th Monte Carlo Rally Friday after Jean-Luc Therier, the overnight leader, skidded into a railing and out of the race. Ragnotti, in second place at the start of the

final day's eight speed tests, took full advaotage and drove his Renault five Turbo to victory by a margin of two minutes 45 sec-onds ahead of another Frenchman, Guy Frequelin in a Talbot Lotus.

Therier, who had been leading by over three minutes, suffered a cracked suspension after hitting a patch of soow. Ragnotti said afterwards he had beeo pleased by the Renault's behavior oo snow hut disappointed hy its performance on dry roads.

West German Klaus Kleint finished third, six minutes 59 seconds behind Frequelin, in ao Opel Ascona. Finn Hannu Mikkola, who led during the fist stage, had been widely

expected to win the 49th rally. Mikkola's four-wheel-drive Adi Quattro raced into an early lead in icy roads but steering trouble forced him well back during the second stage after he skidded into a bridge.

Rangnomi, 35, was French Rally champioo last year. He won the tourist category of the Monte Carlo in an Opel Kadett in 1970 and has takeo part in the Rally every year since. He came secood in 1978 in a Renault five alpine

The 35-year-old Ragnotti and his codriver Jean-Marc Andrie, swept into the lead after the first of the night's special stages at the Oifiw pass wheo the Porsche of compatriots Jeao-Luc Therier and Michel Vial crashed. Therier, a burly Normandy garage owner, had shocked the major works teams wheo he hrought his privately-prepared Porsche in from the marathon common run holding an overall lead of more than three minutes.

But as he roared oo racing tyres into the 33 kms first stage, which was lined hy more than 25,000 spectators, he hit a snow patch, spon and smashed into a bridge. The snow had heeo packed there by spectators and although the Porsche limped oo for about a mile, it finally shuddered to a halt. Therier's rally was over.

The usually jovial Therier did oot disguise his cootempt for those responsible. "They are little short of criminals," he said.

"To pack the road with snow in order to make cars skid is not only cheap, it is dangerous. "I know it is difficult, hut organisers should do something. Every year it is the same thing at the Turini."

165

Once in front, Ragnotti a close friend of Therier, made no mistakes and slapped hack the game but uneven challenge of the second British Talhot Lotus of compatriots Guy Frequelin and Jean Todt.

It was typical that Jean Ragnotti's first words after winning should be to praise his friend and opponeot Jean-Lue Therier.

CALLS IT A DAY: Former world motor racing champion Emerson Fittipald , seen geared up in the 1972 race in Mosport Canada, announced his retirement Thursday. The 34-year old champ, said that the Fittipald team would compete in the 1981 Grand Prix with

Unlucky Therier forced to drop out

drivers Keijo Rosenderg of Finland and Francisco 'Cheo' Serra of Brazil.

in tenth attempt French



inbounds pass from guard Jim Paxson with 11 seconds remaining and dribbled the ball for tying a club mark dating back to 1968 in lakers 118, Kings 104: Kareem Abdul-Jabbar scored 35 points and moved into sec-

Higgins storms into last four

LONDON, Jao. 30(AFP) - Northern Ireland's Alex Higgins stormed into the semifinals of the £20,000 Masters snooker lournameni thrashing Welshman Doug Mountjoy 61-37, 51-63, 110-6, 81-4, 72-37 and 101-8

Thursday. Although the 31-year old Higgins was in a magnificeot form, he was, however, aided hy

some uncharacteristic errors by Welsh champion In Saturday's semi-finals, Higgins will

meet the winner of the match between world champion Cliff Thorburn of Canada and Perrie Mans of South Africa.

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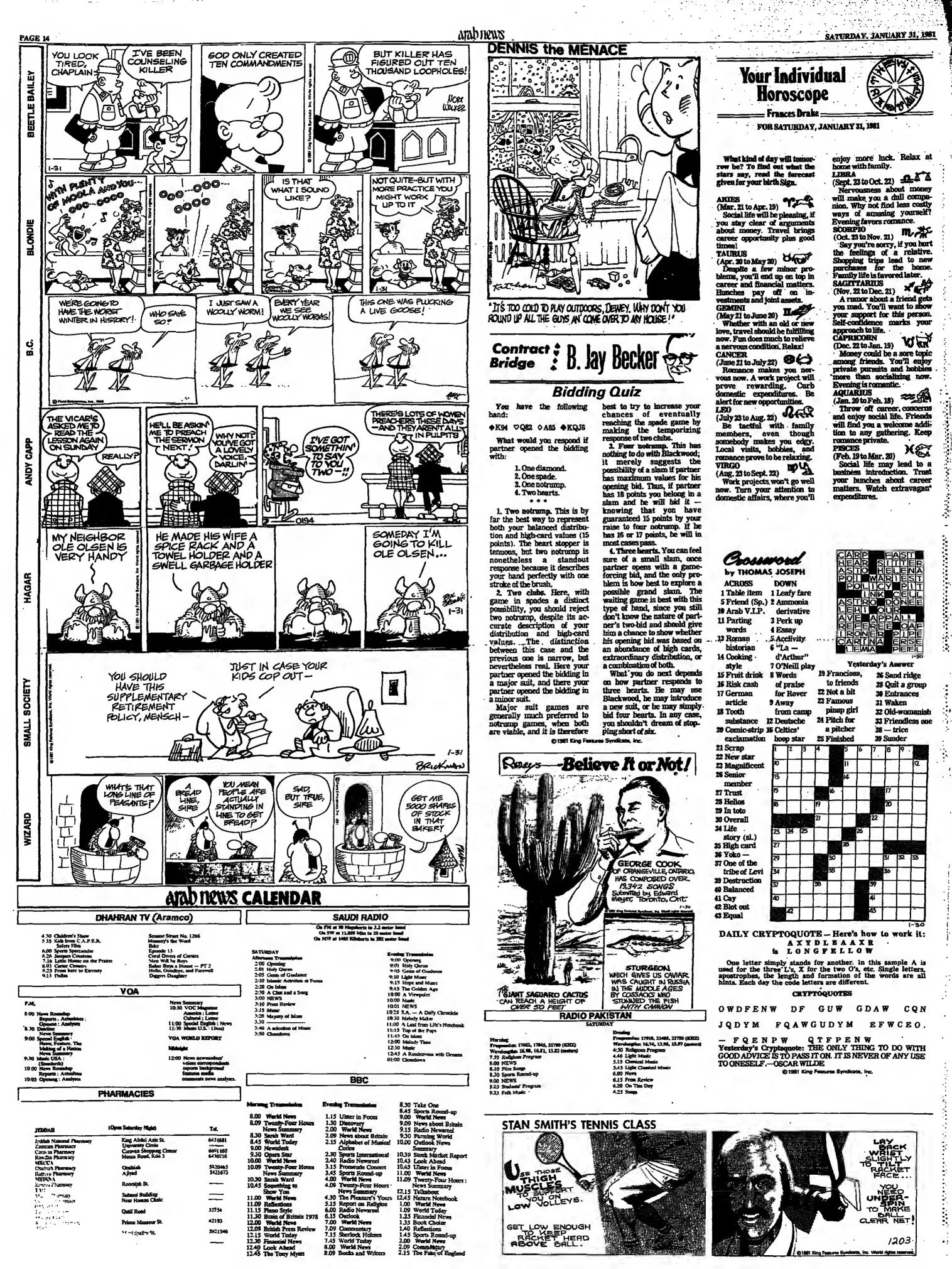
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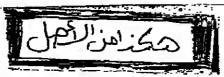
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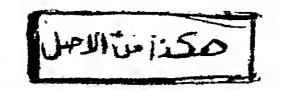
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Despite stern warning Industrial turmoil continues in Poland WARSAW, Jan. 30 (R) - Strikes con-

tinued in two major industrial areas of southern Poland Friday despite a stern warning by the government against further industrial turmoil. Lech Walesa, leader of the independent Solidarity free trade union movement, was due to have urgent talks with the government on halting the cycle of labor protests which have hit the country.

Although Solidarity has urged an end to local and regional strikes, it has threatened a one-hour national strike Tuesday and an all-out general strike next month if negotiations with the government break down. In ooe of its strongest statements yet, the government said Thursday night it was dutybound to ensure law, order and discipline. But regional officials of Solidarity, engaged in a struggle with the authorities over a wide range of demands, dismissed the government warnings as scare tactics.

The main disputes, which have resulted in the biggest upsurge of strikes since last November, centered on the union's call for a 40-hour work week, recognition of a rural Solidarity union for Poland's 3.5 million private farmers, and union access to the mass media.

The government said Thursday night it had done its utmost to honor the pledges it gave last summer to end the strikes which gave birth to Solidarity. It reaffirmed its commitment to oegotiate on outstanding issues.

The only sign of a relaxation of tension Friday was in the south eastern city of Rzeszow, where workers called off strikes in the region to back demands for the registration of rural Solidarity. Local Solidarity officials in Rzeszow, the headquarters of the rual Solidarity campaign, said they were responding to an appeal by the union's national consultative commissioo.

One union official said the government's latest statement, which coincided with a strong coodemnation of Solidarity by the Soviet news agency Tass, was designed to

intimidate those who were vacillating. The government sent Union Affaris Minister Stanislaw Ciosek to Rzeszow Thursday to negotiate terms with Walesa following the commission's appeal for a five-day strike moratorium. However, the appeal fell on deaf ears in Jelenia Gora and Bielsko-Biala, two southern provinces gripped by general strikes.

A Solidarity official in Jelenia Gora said an occupation strike in all major industrial plants hegan as planned Friday at 8 a.m. Public transport also stopped and only essential services were operating.

The government has undertaken to send a negotiating team to the province Monday. Bnt the union said the strike would continue until an agreement had been signed on a list of demands which include the dismissal of the unioo affairs minister and some 11 local officials. "This is not the first time they have tried to scare us," a local Solidarity official said when asked whether the government warning had been considered.

Deputy Prime Minister Jozef Kepa arrived Friday at the other major strike zone, Bielsko-Biala, close to the Czechoslovak border, to begin talks on similar grievances against local government officials. The Solidarity hranch in Bielsko-Biala said a fourday-old strike in some 400 enterprises, including a huge Fiat car works would contimme until the government called the unpopular local officials.

In another troubled city, Lodz, Solidarity officials said they were meeting Saturday to decide whether to go ahead with earlier plans for a regiooal general strike Tuesday or stick to the oational commission's program for a oce-hour warning strike. A student sit-in continued at the university of Lodz. Students from at least 30 other colleges and universities were also taking part in the demand for greater academic freedom and the reductioo of compulsory courses in Marxism.

'Dead shall live'

Reagan to honor hostage agreement WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (AP) - U.S. actioo against them. Uoder his administratioo, he said, "they cannot go to bed with that confidence." President Rooald Reagan has said that his administration will probably hooor the terms of the agreement which led to the release of

Asked about American businessmen who

We photo DIVERSE VIEWS: More than 1,600 demonstrators showed their diverse views on the regime of South Korean President Chun Doo Hwan along Olympic Boulevard in Los Angeles Thursday as the bead of state drove through the city's area referred to as "Korea Town". The Gathering broke up after the Korean president left the area.

Revenge ruled out

administration in ocgotiating the release. We are, however, studying - because there were four major agreements and there were nine executive orders - and we are studying throughtly what is a pretty complex matter we've discovered with regard to whether they are in keeping with international and our own national laws. And so I won't be able to really answer your questions on specifics until we've completed that study."

matter of fact, the most important of those were already put into effect by the proceeding

- Red Wit Resistance against Kabul kept NEW DELHI, Jan. (Agencies) ----

pan

nationalists in Kabal and the provinces in keeping up undiminished activity and Soviet and Afghan government forces lomatic sources said here Friday. The reports of this came from all eastern vinces along the Pakistan border, from the northern and central provinces of Same Bamian, Parwan and Kapisa, and f Helmand and Farah in the southwest

Many homes were reported to have been levelled in fighting in three villages in Far-wan, north of Kabul, and there were repair from Khandahar in the south of continue. lawlessness and firing in the town, the source said. Sporadic shooting was heard in Kmnumber of rebel attacks on governmen buildings there, including two colleges, the said.

The British government came out for the tinued armed resistance in Afgha against the Soviet-snpported Kaby, regime.In reply to a question Wedness from the foreign affairs committee in th House of Commons, Deputy Foreign Secret ary Douglas Hurd said it was "obvious" anyone" that the nationalists were "received arms," but said it would "not be "useful" be more specific.

"As regards arms for these groups," He stated, "it is important in our view th resistance should be enabled continue."then said that contrary to claims by the sa regime, the Afghan nationalist move had oot been dismantled and that some Sec. 21. 11 resistance groups were pursuing their f

Meanwhile, Secretary of State Alexand Haig has said the U.S. welcome the Richard proposal for a meeting of the Soviet, Richard and other nations to discuss foreign internation to Afghanistan. Haig told a Statement Department news conference that Abiantic. Reagan administration had been informediate advance of the initiative by the French Protection dent and welcomed any proposal whit, would lead to the withdrawal of Soviet tred Sovietueen Drem from Afghanistan.

He said the U.S. had

Iran move to honor soldiers

BEIRUT, Jan. 30 (AP) - Iran's defense minister is expected to put forward a proposal to the Iranian parliament by which Iranian soldiers killed in the Gulf war against Iraq will oot be considered dead, the Kuwaiti News Agency has reported.

The agency, quoting Tehran radio said Thursday the proposal was brought forward during a cahinet meeting in Tehran Wednesday and stipulates that a dead soldier or officer will be promoted as they would be if alive. The families of the dead soldiers., referred to hy Iranian officials as "martyrs" will also be receiving the salaries of their kin until the age of retirement.

The proposal is to be debated hy the Iranian Majlis (parliament) shortly, the agency said. Iraq has claimed 8,413 Iranian troops have been killed since the Iran-Iraq war crupted on Sept. 22.

Iran insists on an uncooditional Iraqi withdrawal from the Shatt's eastern coast and from the western highlands before considering a ceasefire.

The domestic quarrel climbed to a peak in the last two days with Bani-Sadr charging political foes had twice plotted to assassinate

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him since November, and Rajai supporters claiming Bani-Sadr supporters ransacked the IRP offices in the oorth-castern Iranian city of Mashad over the weekend.

Meanwhile, war communiques from Tehran and Baghdad showed the war remained statie with continued hit-and-run attacks and artillery duels in the northern highlands and the southern marshlands of the battlefront

Iran claimed its forces killed at least 45 Iraqi troops and wounded scores Tuesday and Wednesday, cooceding 19 Iranians were killed and 44 wounded.

A couoter-offensive launched hy Iran to drive the Iraqis out of Khuzistan on Jan. 5 collapsed in a four-day tank battle just south of the highway town of Susangerd at a great loss of equipment to the Iranians.

Iran said its war planes and anti-air defenses drove off repeated Iraqi attempts to bomh its oil installations from the area, and a oew communique carried by the official Iranian oews agency, Pars, said the Iranian airforce Thursday airraided Iraqi military convoys near Ahwaz, capital of Khuzistan.

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U.S. hostages from Iran. He declined however, to make a blanket commitment until his aides have reviewed the agreement in detail.

In his first oews conference Thursday since taking office Jan. 20, Reagan was asked whether he would pursue a policy of revenge or reconciliatioo toward Iran. "I'm certainly not thinking of revenge," Reagan said. "I don't know if reconciliation is possible with the present government - or absence of government - in Iran."

As Secretary of State Alexander M. Hair Jr. did in his Wednesday oews conference, Reagan declined to specify what action he might take to back his pledge of "swift and effective retribution" against future terrorist actions against Americans. "That's oot a questioo who should or could answer," Reagan said.

In the past, Reagan said, terrorists could feel confident that the U.S. would take oo

might seek to reopen contacts with Iran, Reagan quipped: "I hope they do it by long distance." He said he understood that oil companies were particularly interested in dealing with the Gulf nation, but he said he would not encourage any early commercial contacts.

The question of retaliation against Iran was raised several times. "What good would just revenge do?" Reagan asked with a shrug. However, Reagan said he would not discuss any specific steps he might take. "One of the first thing that has to happen,"

he said, answering a questioo about securing the stability on the region, "has to be for Iran itself to establish a government that can speak for Iran."

The first question in the news conference. dealt with the agreement which freed the hostages. "I think that the United States will honor the obligations," Reagan said. "As a

Meanwhile, New York, a city that loves a parade, was due to throw one of its biggest in recent memory Friday for the former American hostages, complete with 150 miles of specially imported yellow ticker-tape. The parade will begin on the tip of Manhattan Island, using the statue of Liberty, the symbol of American freedom, as a backdrop.

The motorcade will wend its way through the Wall Street financial district, ending 90 minutes later. at City Hall, where Mayor Edward Kock will present the freed hostages with a giant key to the city.

contributions" to the United Nations, its

member agencies and many sofficer.interna-

number of countries of key importance to the U.S. perhaps at the loss of influence in coun-

Norway premier to quit

OSLO, Jan. 30 (R) — Norway's Labor Prime Minister Odvar Nordli is expected to resign soon, informed sources

said. Nordli, who became prime minister five

years ago, said in a statement he had under-

gone a thorough medical examination. He

did not reveal the result of the examination

but sources close to him said he had felt tired

The party leadership was to meet Friday to

discuss the situation. The Labor Party has

dominated Norwegian politics for most of the

last 40 years but public opinioo polls have

tries of lesser importance," it said.

The OMB report noted that "the reduc-

tional organizations.

for some time.

questions seeking further informationed how the matter would be handled, especial name in relation to other initiatives which had be under way under the auspices of the Unit Nations. Wesday

South Africa attacks bases in Mozambio

LSIBON, Jan. 30 (AP) — A South African Inc. commando raid carried out early Human Inc. morning left an unidentified number of the state and wounded at the residence of members outskirts of Maputo, the Mozambican cap-tal, ANOP, Portugal's national news ageit

A statement released by Mozambique military headquarters later in the day stated the commandos had attacked the homes of the members of the ANC, a hlack South African party outlawed by the white minority got ernment in Pretonia, and that some of the 125 strike force were among the dead.

The military communique, broadcast by the Radio Mozambique, gave no figures on the attack at Matola, 15 kilometers from the capital, but noted a Portuguese tehnician employed by the national power company had been killed in crossfire between the commandos and ANC members.

In separate reports, ANOP quoted uncon firmed numbers at seven dead. Five persons in the Matola house died, it is said, along with the Portuguese, Jose Antonio Monteiro and a single South African commando.

The radio announcement charged the South Africans had infiltrated Mozambien territory 60 kilometers targeting homes of ANC personnel, while the ANOP account mentioned a single residence. Hours after the 2 a.m. raid, acting foreign minister Jose Oscar Monteiro called in Portuguese Ambassador Jose Cutileiro to offer his government's condolences over the death of Ramos.

Agency reports said Ramos had been driving by the scene of the attack while on routise nightly rounds and had been hit by a stray bullet while still at the wheel. Mozambican soldiers and armored cars were sent to the scene, apparently too late to engage the

Massive cutback in U.S. aid plan proposed WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (AP) - U.S. President Rooald Reagan's administration Congress is to be persuaded to adopt severe reductions in domestic programs, proposing

hudget officials have proposed a massive cutback in American foreign aid, with heaviest targeting on the International Development Association and other multilateral organiza-tions which "are not responsive to U.S. foreign policy concerns."

According to a report by the Office of Management and Budget, the effort would call for slashing \$2.6 hillion from the Carter administration's proposed \$8 hillion hudget for foreign aid programs in tiscal year 1982, as well as even larger reductions over the following three budget years.

The large-scale cutback was expected to encounter strong opposition in Congress, where long-time advocate of foreign aid contend that the assistance programs are a moral obligation to underdeveloped oations and serve as a vital adjunct to U.S. foreign policy.

The OMB report ooted that former President Jimmy Carter's 1982 budget called for boosting total foreign aid by more than \$2 billion from the current fiscal year. "Under oormal circumstances Congress would oot support such an increase in foreign aid, and if such increases is out of the question," it said

The report said that to shape a foreign aid program "more in line with the domestic budget-cutting effort," every major program priority to be given to bilateral rather than multilateral aid, and to military assistance more than economic development.

The cutback would involve these elements: --- Washington would revoke a recent pledge to contribute \$3.24 hillion during 1981-83 to the International Development Association, a unit of the World Bank which makes lowinterest loans to developing countries. The U.S. then "would reopen negotiations with other donors to reduce the contribution by half."

- With other multilateral lending agencies, the U.S. "would make no contributions ... after current formal commitments have

- To hold total ontiays to about \$700 millico per year, Washington would refuse to support sizable increases in assessments and "eliminate or very sharply cut back voluntary.

From page one

Guidelines

Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, did oot attend the meeting.

Informed sources said the leaders discussed a Kuwaiti blueprint for coordinatioo between the Gulf states in military political and ecocomic affairs.

The Kuwaiti foreign minister last month toured the Gulf states explaining his country's plan for collective security. No details were available on the Kuwaiti plan or the meeting.

The sources said the Iraqi leader avoided the meeting because he did not want it to be seen as an attempt to form a pro-Iraqi bloc against Iran.

The Gult loreign ministers are to meet in Riyadh, Feh. 4 to hammer out details of the

UCD

Rodriguez Sahagun, backed by the party's Christian Democratie wing, enjoys army approval, but would have had difficult winning support from the party's Social Democratic wing. Sotelo for his part insisted on the exploit support of conservatives in the party before accepting commation.

The party sees its cohesioo as essential in view of its lack of an overall parliamentary majority. Suarez has reshuffled his coalition several times in the last five years. The party's conservative faction, which opposed Suarez, is linked to the Roman Catholie hierarchy and financial interests.

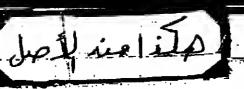
At the same time some military officers were runnored to have hinted they might "attempt something" if Saurez did not resign, while he was in Majorca for a UCD confer-



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been paid off."

tions in aid would mainly affect the poorer countries of Africa and the Asian subcontishould be trimmed to some extent -- with nent." "Bilateral development aid, held at current levels, could be concentrated on a small